THE BOSTON MORNING POST.

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DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,
MARTIN VAN BUREN.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
RICHARD M. JOHNSON.
FOR GOVERNOR OF MASSACHUSETTS,
MARCUS MORTON.
FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM FOSTER.

POETRY.

From the New York Knickerbocker.

DREAMS.

'Knowest thou what thou art in the hour of sleep?' *Taliessin.*

Revere thyself,—for thou art wonderful,'
Even in thy passiveness. Hail, heir of heaven,
Immortal Mind!—that when the body sleeps,
Dost roam with unseal'd eye, and tireless wing,
Where Memory hath no chart, and Reason finds
No pole-star for her compass Guest divine,—
Our earthly nature bows itself to thee,
Putting its ear of clay unto the sigh
Of thy disturbed visions, if perchance
It gain some whisper of thy glorious birth,
Or deathless heritage.
How sweet are dreams
To those whom waking life hath surfeited
With dull monotony! 'Tis sweet when day
Hath been a weariness, and Evening's hand,
Like some lean miser, greedily doth clutch
The flowers that morning gave us, to lie down
And breathe a fragrance that they never knew,—
Pressing our fingers to the thornless rose
That springs where'er we tread. 'Tis very sweet
To turn from stern Reality, who sits
Like some starch beldame, all precise and old
And sheer intolerant,—and with the spell
Of radiant Fancy, rove unblam'd and wild,
And limitless. When niggard Fortune gives
A stony pillow,—like the patriarch's bed,
Who slept at Bethel,—gentle dreams do plant
An airy ledder for the angels' feet,
Making that hard couch like the gate of heaven.
They feed us on ambrosia,—till we loathe
Our household bread.
To traverse all untir'd,
Broad realms, more bright than fabled Araby,—
To hear unearthly music,—to plunge deep
In seas of bliss,—to make the tyrant grave
Unlock its treasure-valve, and yield, the form
Whose loss we wept, back to our glad embrace,—
To wear the tomb's damp drapery, yet to live,—
To catch from heaven a glimpse of streets of gold,
A sound of harpings, and a gleam of wings
Forever glancing o'er the ethereal way,—
These are the gifts of dreams, and we would speak
Most reverently of their strange ministry.
——Lo,—life is but a dream! Awake! Awake!
Cast off the trance of vanity and look
With keen undazzled eye above the cloud
That canopies man's hopes. Hear ye the voice
Of deity, that mid man's hour of sleep,
In the still baptism of his dewy dreams,
Beareth such witness of the wondering soul,
As breathed o'er Jordan's wave.—*'Behold my Son!'*

From the Knickerbocker.

Military matters have materially altered of late years. There is a vast deal of superfluous courage extant. In a time of profound peace, the good citizens of many of our States are bored with fines and mulcts, that ought to be discarded altogether. Then, what a sight do some of our military companies present! They remind me of the story of the French Prince, who visited England, and on his arrival at Cambridge was greeted by a volunteer company of neighboring clowns, commanded by a supreme hind, who exceeded all his trainband for clumsiness and bad culture. After undergoing a sort of review before the noble stranger, the captain approached him, and begged to know the opinion he entertained of the company that fronted him.

'Sare,' said the Prince, 'I 'ave seen great many companie; great many battalion; I 'ave seen de grand corps de Napoleon; de guard National; I 'ave seen de allied armée; I 'ave seen de Swiss and de Jarman,—de Russ and de Pruss,—but ma foi, capitan, I 'ave *nevare* seen such an extraordinare companie as yours,—*nevare,—nevare!*'

Talking of worship, makes me say, that nothing can inspire in me a deeper feeling of devotion than sacred music. To hear the plaintive overture of the choir, and the organ,—the stream of melody which seems to roll from the galleries, and to dissolve as it flows, into a kind of atmosphere above the aisles,—is soothing and subduing. It banishes every low-thoughted care, and gives us 'such glimpses of Heaven as saints have in dreams.' One fancies that he hears the murmur of spirit-hymns, or else the rustling of celestial wings, and says within himself:—

'Let but a little part,
A wandering breath of that high melody
Descend into my heart,
And change it, till it be
Transformed, and swallowed up, oh Love! in thee!'

A Young Etonian.—'Pray, mamma,' said a youthful scholar, just come home for the holidays, from Eton, where he had *fagged hard*, but acquired very little—'pray, mamma, was Virgil a *mayor* of some place or other?' 'I should *think* not,' was the maternal answer. 'Then,' said the little querist, 'I want to know why they call him Virgilius *Maro!*'

'Good news for me!' exclaimed a certain person, as he took up a newspaper the other day, 'good news for me, who, having been all my life a great Port-wine drinker, am now ordered to drink nothing but water! Here is a project for supplying the metropolis with the pure element.' 'Then, from force of habit,' said Poole, 'I suppose you'll lay down a *pipe*.'

'How is the Duchess of Cumberland,' said Hook, at one of the Speaker's dinners. 'Oh, very well indeed.' 'And pray,' continued the wit, 'how are Sternhold and Hopkins?' 'Oh, vastly well.' 'And who, pray are Sternhold and Hopkins?' 'Oh, the two Princes of *Psalms*.' '*Salms*,' rejoined Hook.

Agreeable Invitation.—We have received a civil card from the secretary of the now flourishing '*All Souls*' Cemetery,' Harrow Road, by which *We* and friends are invited to 'the Interior'—and the invitation is appropriately enough marked 'perpetual.'—*London Court Journal.*

IMPROMPTU.

ADRESSED TO A BLUE-EYED LADY.

THE stars that gem the midnight sky,
Exalt our thoughts to joys above:
The beams that lighten from thine eye,
Bring heaven to earth,—for heaven is love.

LOST—or stolen from the entry of the Howard Street House—a large black Leather Trunk and red Carpet Bag. On the trunk was a brass plate, with the name of the owner, L. S. WILLIAMS. Whoever will return the trunk and carpet bag to the Howard Street House, shall receive a satisfactory reward and no questions asked. tf—au19

FOR SALE—A valuable Granite Quarry in the State of Maine, with a convenient landing place, and every facility for getting the stone away. Samples may be seen at office. W. R. HALL, 5½ Congress street, up stairs. au19

FOR SALE—12000 feet of Land on Washington street, south-end. Said land will be sold low if applied for soon. W. R. HALL, 5½ Congress street, up stairs. au19

JONES' AMERICAN LUCIFER MATCHES.—Dealers in the city can be supplied with the above superior article at the manufacturer's prices on application to the Sole Agents for this city.—ROGERS, DEVENS & CO., Druggists & Paint Dealers, Nos 5 & 6 Commercial wharf.
ep3m au19

For the Boston Morning Post.

Our Courts of Justice.—If any other class of men, but judges, either doctors, clergymen, farmers, merchants or mechanics, were endowed with *certain* important powers over the life, liberty, and property of all men; and, moreover, had made to themselves a rule of principle and practice, to extend and enlarge those powers, on every opportunity and by every means, it would be considered a just cause of alarm. Yet such a power, and such a disposition to enlarge it, would be vastly less dangerous to society in the hands of the classes above mentioned, than in those of the judges, because the former would be kept in check by their own numbers; and their encroachments on the public rights would meet more frequently the public eye. Whereas the judges are comparatively few; their combination is more easy, and they are supported by those very classes in whose interest they are generally found to act, because it is from them that they receive their appointments. These classes also give the tone to public opinion, and decide what is right and what is wrong, according to what effects favorably, or otherwise, their own interests.

It would be but a stale truism to repeat what has been said so often, from time out of mind—"*that the laws are made for the rich, and not for the poor.*" Every day's experience teaches us that their application by the judges varies according to the length of the purse; but sometimes it disregards the purse, (a moment) for the sake of punishing some bold or imprudent wight, who has the temerity to take sides with the people, and to expose the evil doings of lawmakers and law expounders, as the writer knows by experience.

See how complaisant was the law the other day in New York, in relation to two young criminals, because they had rich parents.

This is one instance in a thousand of such cases.—But if we could know how many just civil causes are kept out of our courts, because the poor or industrious men who have them dare not venture to appear before judges, who they know will lean to the opposite side; because it is on that side they depend for their offices; then, indeed, we shall be astounded by the frightful amount of denials for justice.

Can it be expected that the people will reverence laws which are susceptible of such perversion, or respect judges who are capable of so administering them? No, it is impossible; and the people will, ere long, find and apply the remedy to such abuses—call such movements *fearful innovation, disorganization, radicalism*, or *infidelity*. The people know that neither sound morality, nor pure religion, authorize judges to hold the scales of justice with a partial hand; or legislators to make laws favorable to classes or individuals.

Where will the people find the remedy for these abuses? They will find it in making the judges amenable to *them*, in whose name, and for whose interest they were appointed, and not, alone, to those exclusive classes, which have virtually assumed the whole power of state; making the laws and appointing all the administrative officers, and the most important ones for life; so that if, by some good luck, once in a while, we get a popular legislature or administration, these influential judges, however corrupt, partial, or adverse to popular rights, cannot be removed, but must remain there as enemies in the republican camp, always ready to betray our cause or to blow up our citadel. There is the remedy, and the people are slow to redress their own wrongs, have had this remedy in their minds for a long time.

In addition to the ancient complaints of venal judges and bought justice, we now find that this growing assumption of power, on the part of our courts bids fair to dictate to us also the only safe way to heaven. They now interfere in matters of faith; and upon their simple *dictum*, without legislative authority, decide what is orthodox and what is not, and thus dispossess one portion of a Parish (the great majority perhaps) of all share in the common property, for the benefit of the minority, which may possibly consist of the Deacon alone, or some other pious rich man; while the whole of that common property may have proceeded from the ancestors of the persons so dispossessed. This is a new and ample field for the extension of judicial prerogative, embracing the whole canon law, and the great folios of ecclesiastical lore.

To escape the contentions and innumerable evils to which such pretensions to power over person, property, and conscience, would lead, the sooner we get back to one and the same faith the better—be that the Catholic or the Unitarian faith.

There is one more judicial stride which the enlightened people will not, I trust, allow to proceed much further; that is, the assumption of power over the juries, and the special, and oftentimes partial pleading of judges, in their charges. I was present some time since at a trial of a plain case, which all the lawyers about me had decided according to their own views, in which they all agreed. But when the judge had given his charge to the jury, they all said that the case would go contrary to their opinions. I asked why; because, said they, the judge is evidently against the other party. I asked again, have the arguments and conclusions of the judge altered your opinions of the case? No, they all replied, but the judge is determined that it shall be otherwise. Now, I appeal to lawyers to know whether this be an uncommon case.

But juries decide on life and death, and reputation, which is still dearer, as well as on property.

In Magna Charta it is stated, more than once, that the jury is the bulwark of our liberties. Especially in chapter 29th which says—"that no freeman shall be hurt, either in his person, or property, without a legal trial by his peers, or the laws of the land: *nisi per legale judicium parium suorum, vel per legem terræ.*" Every precaution is taken to exclude from the Court and jury, corrupt or corruptible officers. The sheriff must be indifferent to the cause on trial, or his power to return the jury, *venere facias*, is transferred to another. The jurymen are challengable by the parties for various causes of interest, hatred, prejudice, or affinity, in civil cases; and in criminal cases, without the necessity of assigning any cause.

The jury may be fined by the Court, if they agree to cast lots for their verdict, or to bring in guilty, or not guilty, as the Court shall seem inclined. Yet such verdict is not set aside, as it ought to be.

"The liberties of England," says a law writer, "cannot but subsist, so long as this Palladium remains sacred and inviolate, unawed by the power of the monarch, unstained by the weakness, or wickedness of jurors."

Now, happily, we have no monarch in America, who has an interest in awing the jury; therefore none who can have that desire. But we have a monarch, called the people, who has a very deep interest in just laws, righteously administered. How refreshing it is for an honest Republican to discover, at times, new views on the merits of *his* own Government, in the very precautions which humane legislators, in other less favored countries, have been obliged to prescribe to guard the rights of man from the oppressive hands of power. Here, we have no monarch, it is true, to guard against. But, let us beware, that no other *permanent* power, with another name, assume the same baneful influence over juries; for such a power sanctified by legal forms, and *holy* precedents, may be more difficult to correct than the usurpation of Kings, who have but one head. Another English law writer says—"that if the opinion of the judges must rule the verdict, the trial by jury would be useless."

We have seen, above, how cautious the British legislators have been, to purify the Courts of justice from all bias. And we may add, that there was a time, when even the honorable judges themselves were liable to be challenged for such good cause as well as vitiated sheriffs and jurymen. It was in the time of Bracton, and Fleta. But it is now otherwise, judges are now made of different materials, and their moral character stands above the power of temptation, and out of the reach of impeachment. A judge *may* withdraw from the Bench, if a cause were in hearing which concerned his own interest, or that of a near relative. And delicate judges probably would. But, in these times of universal speculation, where all society, from the scavenger to the Priest; from the constable to the judge, is linked in the great chain of commerce, how can the judge help being very often interested in the case hearing. Then is it doubly important to maintain the entire independence of the jury in this country, with all possible checks on its corruption. Moreover, the distance now between the intelligence and moral character of jurymen and judges must be vastly less great, than in the time of Bracton and Fleta. And an American juryman is more capable of deciding on the law and the fact, than jurymen of that time.

Law, legislation, and even the forms of religion, seem not to move on, *pari passu*, with the age in which we live. They lag behind, and thus produce all that jarring discord which now puzzles lawgivers and moralists. It is time for the people to spur them up, to meet the improved condition of man.

Are there not, on the contrary, some sad symptoms of backsliding? In old times we had Ecclesiastical Courts, which held exclusive jurisdiction over all spiritual matters. Now, our civil Courts seem inclined to arrogate to themselves *all* these attributes. They not only decide on what is orthodox or heterodox, but they influence the juries, and exclude from the witness stand all such persons as *they* may say are unworthy to testify, on account of some religious belief or disbelief, which does not accord with their own notions. Yet a Hixite Quaker, who is considered an infidel by the orthodox, is admitted to testify without an oath; while neither an oath or an affirmation is received from a man without a blemish on his moral character; because he has the honesty to say that he does not believe that which he cannot comprehend: but is willing to believe *that*, or anything else, which the judge will explain to him, in some manner within the range of his reasoning faculties. This is a great power to be confided to one man, and that man appointed for life. It is the power of life and death, over every man who may be subject to trial for a capital offence. It is a power over reputation, liberty and property, all confided to the *fallible* integrity of one man, because that man may exclude from Court, the only witness which could prove the innocence, or the title to property. It would seem then, that such a gigantic power were ill befiting our Republican Institutions, and well worthy the serious consideration of the people through their representatives.

FRANKLIN.

THE ODEON.—The Boston Academy of Music having fitted up the interior of the building, formerly known as the Boston Theatre, now offer to let the principal Hall for [illegible]. For terms, apply to either of the subscribers, or to the Superintendant, at the house in the rear of the building.
SAML A. ELIOT,
GEO. H. SNELLING, } Committee
WM. W. STONE,
au7

HOUSE CARPENTERING—COPPERING & ZINCING.—SAMUEL G. ADAMS informs his friends and the public of Boston and vicinity, that he has commenced the above business, and will carry it on in all its various branches, at No 30 Tremont st, where he should be happy to see his friends, and such other citizens as may feel disposed to afford him their patronage. Persons favoring him with their custom may rely upon having their work done well, and with promptness and despatch. au5

TAVERN TO BE LET, 12 *miles from Boston.*—To let, a large house that has been occupied for many years as a Tavern, with barns, &c. and 40 acres of land in a good state of cultivation. Its situation is in the centre of the town, and on the main road to Lowell. Immediate possession can be given. Apply to C. HOLTER, 5 Exchange street. au8

LOST—$20 REWARD.—On the 1st instant, a Champaigne Basket, containing Men's and other Clothes for the Washerwoman—marked E. C. G., S. S. G., M. C. G. and J. S. C. G.—was taken from on board the Nahant Steamboat, Capt Marsh. Whoever will return the same to the Nahant House, or this office, shall receive $20 reward, and no questions shall be asked. ep1w au19

WANTED—At the House of Industry, South Boston, a respectable, intelligent Female to superintend the kitchen department.
Also—an assistant in the same department. To those who have the necessary qualifications, ample wages will be paid—application to be made at the Director's Office, Faneuil Hall. au19 eptf

PATENT SOAP STONE CEMENT.—The Subscribers have been appointed Agents for the State of Massachsetts for the sale of this Article, and are now ready to receive Orders. Its superiority over every other Cement that has been introduced will be proved on the inspection of the certificates now in the hands of the Agents, ROGERS, DEVENS & CO, Druggists and Paint Dealers, No 5 & 6 Commercial wf. ep3m au19

APPRENTICE WANTED.—Wanted, a Boy, about 15 years of age, as an apprentice to the book-binding business—inquire of MARSH, CAPEN & LYON, 133 Washington st. 1w au19

WM. H. RODGERS has just received 2 ps (*Unmeaning Cognomen*) Diamond Satin; a new and splendid article, which he will be happy to make to order for his friends and customers, at No 6 Joy's Buildings, 81 Washington street. jy30

LATIN SCHOOL.—Applications for the place of Usher in the Latin School, will be received until the 25th instant, at noon. The salary for the first year is $600—second year $700—and after that time at the rate of $800 per annum, payable quarterly.
By order of the Sub Committee.
S. F. McCLEARY,
au15—t25th Secretary of the School Committee.

SCHOOLMASTER.—Applications received until Tuesday noon, the first day of September next, for the office of Writing Master in the Hawes' School. The salary is $1000 per annum.
By order of the School Committee.
au14 td1 S. F. McCLEARY, Sec'y.

JOHN ADAMS, *Commission Merchant and Auctioneer*, Lowell, Mass.
Refer to ISAAC O. BARNES, Esq. } Boston.
Messrs CHAMBERLIN & FOLSOM, }
Advances on Consignments. tf jy17

GENTLEMEN'S COATS & PANTALOONS & Ladies' Silks, Shawls and Merinoes, cleaned in the neatest manner, by DAVID RUE, May's court, Belknap street. j25 eThtf

A RESPECTABLE GENTLEMAN, wishing a Housekeeper, capable of managing in almost any situation in life, will do well to call at the Intelligence Office, No 3 Bedford street, corner of Washington st. *—au18

WANTED, a situation as barkeeper in a public house in this city or vicinity, by a person who has been in the business for two years past—good recommendations can be given—inquire at this office. *—au18

BOARD.—A pleasant Room, with Board, may be obtained by applying at 193 Cambridge st. *—au18

WANTED.—At the Roxbury India Rubber Factory, from 30 to 50 Females acquainted with the Tailoring business—good references will be required. tf—aug18

TO BE LET.—A large and commodious Room in Joy's Building—apply to AMOS COTTING. eoptf—jy18

TO BE LET.
A House in the vicinity of the Globe Hotel, containing 10 rooms—suitable for two families—to be let on a lease for two and a half years—rent $275.
Also—1 room suitable for a shop—rent $75.
A victualling cellar—Store and Lofts in Commercial st.
2 rooms in Federal st—3 rooms in Oliver st—2 rooms in South st. Apply to M. L. HERBON, Broker, 3 Federal st. jy27

FOR SALE.
A new 3 story Brick Dwelling House, situated in the South Westerly part of the City, near the Providence and Worcester Rail Road, containing 2 parlors with folding doors, china closets &c. 6 chambers and 2 kitchens, with sink room, pump room &c. suitable for one or two families, with 1428 feet of land. Apply to W. R. HALL. 5½ Congress st. up stairs, au 13

TO BE LET.
A house in Bumstead court, containing 6 rooms—rent $175.
4 rooms in Pond street.
3 rooms near Bridge street.
3 rooms in the vicinity of 730 Washington street—apply to M. L. HERBON, 3 Federal st. au6

HOUSE IN CAMBRIDGE TO LET.
The House owned by Doctor Follen, and recently occupied by Mr Sparks, situated near the Colleges, on the north side of the Common—the house is in good repair, having every convenience, with a stable and three acres of ground attached to it—a part of the furniture will be let with the house, if desired—possession given immediately—application to be made to Mr NEWELL, Postmaster, Cambridge. 3awlm jy31

HOUSE FOR SALE.
Situated on the corner of Willow and Acorn streets, near Chesnut street, containing kitchen, two parlors and eight chambers—inquire of JOHN TEMPLETON Cambridge st. 3awtf j29

IMPORTANT TO MANUFACTURERS.—The subscribers offer for sale or rent for the purpose of establishing the Cotton or Woollen manufacturing business a valuable WATER PRIVILEGE situated in the village of Milleville, four miles east of the city of Troy, on the turnpike leading from Troy to Bennington. Perhaps there is no privilege in this section of country equal to it both on account of the locality and the expense of erecting the dam &c. It is situated on one of the most durable streams we have, and possesses the advantage of a rocky bottom and sides, which render it perfectly secure from freshets, ice &c—convenient to market—the transportation trifling—the excavating very little—the power sufficient at all seasons to drive 4000 spindles—having about 12 feet fall—renders it an object for any one about to establish the manufacturing business, to call and view the premises. The subscribers anxious to have a cotton or woollen manufactory started in the place, will dispose of the privilege on reasonable terms for that purpose.
Enquire of D. SHELDON, on the premises, or DEFREESTS, VAN ALSTYNE & CO. corner of Fourth and Congress street Troy, N. Y. M&T&w j25

THOMSONIAN INFIRMARY, CORNER OF POND AND THACHER STREETS, BOSTON.—The subscriber, after having experienced much sickness, and having found relief, (after having sought for it in the regular mode of practice in vain) in the Thomsonian mode of practice; and feeling very grateful for the same, besides having had considerable experience in the practice on others while at Dr Watkin's Infirmary, in Harvard street; and having been at considerable expense in fitting up his house for an Infirmary, so as to make it convenient for himself and the sick, now offers his services in removing disease under the patronage of Dr. Samuel Thomson, from whom he will receive all his medicine, and he flatters himself that he shall be able to give general satisfaction. He will also keep Medicines and Family Rights for sale, and hopes to receive a reasonable share of public patronage. JOHN SHERBURNE.
au 17 tf

MARBLE CHIMNEY PIECES, &c.—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public that they have on hand the largest assortment of Marble Chimney Pieces, that is to be found in any establishment in New England, made of the best foreign and domestic marbles, which they will sell as low as they can be purchased in America. They likewise manufacture and keep constantly on hand Monuments, Tomb Stones, and Grave Stones for Cemeteries, principally from the best of foreign marble—which is far superior to any other for standing the weather in this climate. They likewise keep constantly on hand all kinds of marble suitable for Pier and Centre Table Tops, which will be sold lower than they can be purchased at any other place in the city, of equal quality and workmanship. They likewise have on hand, Free Stone for out and inside of buildings, which will be furnished at the lowest rate at their manufactory, corner of Cambridge and Charles street, near West Boston Bridge.
f13—copty JOHN TEMPLETON & CO.

MARBLE MANUFACTORY, Water street, opposite the office of the Morning Post.
The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has on hand a good assortment of Marble Chimney Pieces; also, Pier and Centre Table Tops—which will be sold cheaper than can be purchased in any of the New England States.
☞ Marble Monuments and Grave Stones made to order.
MICHAEL FLANNELLY, No 22 Water st.
jy2 eop6m

BOLTON FLAGGING STONE.—THE BOLTON FLAG-STONE COMPANY having found good encouragement for the sale of their Flagging in this city, are induced to establish a yard in Haverhill street, between the city Hay Scales and Warren Bridge, where they will have constantly for sale a good stock of the best quality and of various sizes, suitable for Side Walks, Kitchen Flagging, Coping, Garden Walks, Side Stones, for Footpaths, &c, &c.
The agent intends keeping experienced workmen employed in the yard, that he may be enabled to execute any orders for Flagging in this city and the neighboring towns. All orders will be executed in a workmanlike manner, and on the most reasonable terms.
Those who are in the building line are particularly invited to call—and are assured that no exertions will be spared to give satisfaction, and that the most diligent attention will be paid to their orders.
a28 eop6m M. KAVANAGH, Agent.

THE unequalled excellence of this Blacking the only certain preservative of the Leather is now attested by more that 10,000 Persons who constantly use it, not only in France, but also in every part of the United States. For giving an easy and beautiful polish there is nothing like it, and pure oil itself could not surpass it in preserving the Leather. It may be had wholesale at CURTIS GUILD'S, No 28, Merchants' Row—by the barrel, gross or dozen.
au12 3mo

BARTON'S CLOTHING STORE, 27 Brattle street. George E. Barton continues at his old stand as above, where his patrons and the public will always find a good assortment of ready made Clothing of every description. G. E. B. would notify his friends that he is now getting a first rate assortment of Fall and Winter Goods which he believes will not be surpassed by any in the city. He is also receiving the London, Paris, New York, and Boston Fashions—by any of which modes he will manufacture garments at moderate prices for cash. The following is a brief sketch of the assortment of ready made garments always on hand, Dress Coats, Frock Coats, Surtouts, Wrappers, Cloaks, Vests, Pantaloons, and a variety of fancy articles for gentlemen's wear. GEORGE E. BARTON, 27 Brattle st.
Thirty good Tailoresses wanted immediately, to make all descriptions of Fall and Winter Garments. au13

NOTICE.—P. R. & T. KEOGH, Merchant Tailors, No 70 Congress st, Boston, respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, which they will make to order, in a style not to be surpassed in this city, and on the most reasonable terms, for cash.
Gentlemen wishing to purchase garments ready made, will do well to call as above, where they will find new and fashionable articles, adapted to the present season, on the above terms. PETER R. KEOGH,
au6—eoptf TIMOTHY KEOGH.

LAND FOR SALE IN THE CITY.—For sale, a lot of Land on Grove street, adjoining the estate of Wm Taylor, Esq, containing about 2000 feet—for particulars, apply to CHARLES McINTIER,
a 1 eoptf 5 Exchange street

BOARD WANTED by a lady and two children, in a private family, in the vicinity of Boston, where there may be a communication with the city in the hourly coaches. Apply to No. 3 Federal street. au 18

MACKEREL BARRELS.—400 Mackerel Barrels for sale by TAYLOR & WALDRON, No 59 Broad st.
a18 3t

CUMBERLAND HOUSE—PORTLAND.
This establishment is conducted by an association of gentlemen, who are determined to make it what has been so long needed in Portland, a genteel and comfortable Hotel.
The House was opened in May last, but owing to some contemplated improvements, has not been advertised before. An addition of Fifty Rooms is now making, which will be finished in September, making in all one hundred and twenty rooms.—Permanent arrangements have been made with individuals of known capability, who will manage the detail of business.—The house is situated at the junction of Congress, Middle and Federal streets, opposite the City Hall, and is therefore well adapted for business men.
The Table d' Hote it is believed cannot fail of giving entire satisfaction.
There is also a Ladies Ordinary throughout the year.
Invalids, and persons travelling for pleasure, will find this House particularly calculated for them.
Portland, August 1, 1835. 3m a7

YEOMAN HOUSE.
The subscriber would inform his friends and the public, that he has removed from the Hotel formerly kept by him in Pond street, and has taken the above house, recently erected in Ann street, ten rods north from Faneuil Hall Market—where he hopes to receive a continuance of the patronage which has been generously bestowed upon him in his former house.
The house is spacious, containing about 40 convenient and airy apartments—together with large parlors and drawing rooms—all of which are furnished with entire new furniture, bedding, &c—and is peculiarly calculated for steady and transient boarders.
Gentlemen whose families are out of the city, will find it to their advantage to dine at the above house.
The Larder and Bar will be constantly supplied with all the varieties of the season, and with the choicest refreshments.
Families from the country will be furnished with separate apartments during their stay in the city.
Masters and mates of vessels will find this a convenient house, being contiguous to the wharves and to the landing of the Eastern Steamboats.
N. B. Parties, Fire Societies, Clubs and Companies, will be handsomely accommodated at the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms. LEVI MOWER.
Boston, June 19, 1835. 1y

HOWARD HOUSE.
HOWARD STREET.
The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken that well known and extensive establishment, formerly occupied by the late Mr WILLIAM GALLAGHER. He hopes by strict attention and a desire to please, to merit a share of patronage from the public which was bestowed upon his predecessor.
The House is situated in the most central part of the city, and contiguous to the Post Office and other public buildings. It has been fitted up in a neat and genteel style,—the rooms airy and retired. The Larder will at all times be provided with every delicacy the season will afford.
Parties wishing to be provided with entertainment for any number of persons, can be accommodated at the shortest notice. A few single gentlemen can be accommodated with board.
m7 JAMES RYAN.

"BOSTON COFFEE HOUSE,"
Formerly known as the "Stackpole House," has been taken by the subscribers, and will be continued as a public house, for the accommodation of boarders, parties, clubs &c. The present proprietors intend to keep a first rate establishment, well supplied with the best the market affords, and arranged in the most convenient and perfect order. Their public eating room will be constantly open, where soups, meats, and other refreshments may be had at a moment's notice. F. & L. WINSHIP.
Boston, June 2.
NOTICE.—ALEXANDER M'GREGOR, late proprietor of the above house, will remain there for a short period, for the purpose of settling his accounts. tf j3

FIRE DEPARTMENT HOTEL,
SOUTH BOSTON.
The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has taken the above well known establishment, formerly occupied by Mr Read Tait, where he hopes by strict attention and a desire to please, to merit a share of patronage from the public, which was bestowed upon his predecessor.
The house is situated in one of the most pleasant places of resort within the vicinity of Boston, and has recently undergone thorough repairs, and is newly furnished.
The Larder will be constantly provided with the luxuries of the season. All [illegible] served up in the best style and at the shortest notice.
Conveyance to and from the house by hourly stages.
au14—eop6m ELLIS WRIGHT.

LANCASTER HOUSE.
This House is now open for the reception of company. It is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town, near the *Nashua River*, commanding a fine view of the surrounding country. The House has undergone a thorough repair, which renders it much more pleasant and comfortable for Boarders, and Parties of pleasure than formerly. Ladies and Gentlemen who wish to spend a few weeks in the country during the warm weather will find the proprietor anxious to make a residence at his house as agreeable as possible, and hopes to receive and deserve a liberal share of that patronage which his long experience will warrant.
Lancaster, Mass. June 13, 1835. HENRY THURSTON.
N. B.—Horses and Carriages for the accommodation of the house at all times in good order. 3m je16

PUBLIC LATIN SCHOOL. Candidates for admission to the Public Latin School will be examined on Thursday and Friday, the 20th and 21st inst. The examination on each day to commence at 8 A. M.
The following are the requisitions of the School Committee. They must be at least nine years of age. They must be able to read common English authors correctly and fluently, to write a running hand, and must have a sufficient knowledge of English Grammar to parse common sentences in prose. A knowledge of Latin Grammar shall be considered equivalent to that of English. Certificates of good moral character from their last instructers will also be required.
In the Public Latin School, the Latin and Greek Languages are taught, and scholars are fully qualified for the University. Instruction is also given in Mathemetics, Geography, Declamation, and English Composition.
aug4 ta21 CHARLES K. DILLAWAY.

GLEE SINGING.—JOHN BARTLETT gives notice to his scholars and friends, that he is about instructing his school, in Bulfinch street, in Glee Music. A few of his friends, or others who have some knowledge of the rudiments, can have the privilege of joining the class, and be thoroughly instructed in this agreeable department. The class will commence on Tuesday Evening, 13th inst—inquire at the Vestry of the Rev Mr Dean's Church, on that evening, or succeeding evenings of the same day. ep6t—a12

AGREEABLY to the first article of the Constitution of the German Charitable Society, in which it is said—"it is likewise of peculiar importance to establish an Intelligence Office for the purpose of advertising demands for labor and laborers, and for the purpose of communicating all possible information in regard to the intercourse between the German emigrants and the native Americans," its Board have
Resolved, That there shall be a standing advertisement in the Morning Post, for the purpose of carrying into effect the object referred to above.
The following persons are desirous of getting employment—
A young man of 17 years, is desirous of being apprenticed to a Smith—a young man 16 years, to a Cabinet Maker. Application to be made at Mr KRAMER'S store, No 48 Cornhill, at 3 o'clock, PM. H. BOKUM, Sec'y.
jy22 tf

LIGHTNING CONDUCTORS.
DR KING informs his friends and the public that he continues to prepare and affix to buildings, his improved Lightning Conductors. They are approved by all practical and well informed Electricians, as affording superior protection against Lightning to the old form. Gentlemen in want of Lightning Conductors are invited to call at his rooms, No 54 Cornhill, Boston, where they may be satisfied of the superior effects of his Rods, by illustration—where also may be had, Plate and Cylinder Electrical Machines, Galvanic Batteries and their apparatus—all warranted of the best workmanship, and superior power. Prices reasonable, for cash or approved credit.
my4 tf

OHIO PORK, LARD, BACON, &c.
Barrels Clear, Mess and Prime Pork,
Do Joles and Heads do,
Lard in barrels and kegs,
Hhds Hams and Shoulders Bacon,
Barrels Sausage Skins.
Also—Boston Clear Pork in brls and half brls—brls Mess, No 1 and Prime Beef—half brls Mess and Prime Mess do—half brls Neats Tongues &c—in lots to suit purchasers—for sale by J. & N. FISHER, at Nos 74 & 76 Faneuil Hall Market.
je5 eptf

NOTICE.—The gentleman who took an Umbrella by way of exchange, from the Tremont House, on Monday evening, is particularly desired to make another exchange for his own, which he can do, by inquiring at the bar. tf—au10

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Spirits Turpentine in best glued barrels—manufactured by the Boston Chemical Company—for sale by LOWE & REED, 24 Merchants' row, at the manufacturer's lowest price. eptfjy16

THE BOSTON MORNING POST.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1835.

TO ALL FRIENDS OF THE UNION AND OF THE CONSTITUTION.

The citizens of Boston, without distinction of party, who are opposed to the proceedings of the advocates for the immediate emancipation of the slaves of the South—and who, however they may regard slavery as an evil, yet look with distrust and abhorrence upon all measures which may tend to instigate the blacks to insubordination and insurrection, determined and willing to abide, at all hazards, by the Constitution, and to preserve inviolate the pledged faith of the Republic, which has flourished and is still flourishing under the auspices of that sacred Charter,—all such citizens are requested to meet at Faneuil Hall on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the 21st inst. at 4 o'clock, there and then to make known to our countrymen of the South, that we recognize their constitutional rights; that we will sustain them in the possession of them; and that we deplore the unauthorized interference of those, who, with a professed zeal for the melioration of the condition of the slaves, are either forging for them new fetters, or placing in imminent peril the lives and property of the white population.

Free Discussion and Anti-Slavery.—Many of the papers complain very indignantly of the proceedings against the abolitionists as equivalent to an effort to stop free discussion. We do not consider it in this light. Their harrangues are calculated merely to excite the feelings of our citizens against the slaveholders at the South, not to convince their minds of the impolicy of slavery. If our citizens were disposed to prevent free discussion, it would be the speakers on the other side—on the slavery side of the question whom they would refuse to hear—since men who are averse to free enquiry always oppose the opponents of their own opinions rather than their champions. Who ever heard of a religious community that refused to listen to evidences in favor of religion? Are they not the infidels to whose arguments they refuse to listen? Is it to be supposed then, that our citizens, who are without any known exceptions anti-slavery in their opinions, would refuse to listen to the champions of their own tenets because they are opposed to free discussion? Preposterous notion—to suppose that men would be angry to hear their own opinions defended! No man in this part of the country is unwilling to listen to arguments against slavery—but the intelligent, liberal and peaceable citizens of this community object to any interference with the political affairs of our Southern neighbors and their domestic institutions. We are actuated therefore by motives of honor in opposing the measures of the abolitionists, and not by any aversion to free inquiry or any unwillingness to hear the subject of slavery philosophically or morally discussed. We are not opposed to their enjoyment of the liberty of speech or of the press—but we are opposed to their vile slander of all their political opponents—their libellous and lying publications against the Southern people—their perverted accounts of transactions among slaveholders—their unprincipled exaggeration of facts concerning the cruelty of certain masters—their misrepresentation of the amount of such cruelty, and their total concealment of all facts which would tend to represent the Southern slaveholder as any better than a savage. We do not oppose their enjoyment of the right of free discussion—but we oppose their monstrous perversions of the truth—their malignant calumniations—their meddlesomeness with their neighbors business—their violations of honor and good fellowship—their treasonable and unfounded measures against the federal compact—and their conspiracies against the welfare of the whole Southern people. The hue of their opinions is rather too well known to admit of our belief of their sincerity when they talk in favor of free discussion—when the majority of their favorite doctrines and measures can be advanced only by appointing them as censors over the public press.

The Exeter News Letter has mistaken the cause of the result of the affair between Miss Moy and ourself. Agreeably to the arrangements made by our second, Cleopatra, (who, we regret to announce, has determined to leave Boston on the 25th instant,) the meeting was to take place on Tuesday afternoon last, at Lynn Beach—the pistols were ready—the coffee ground—our lodgings announced, *a la Towson*, and every thing in a proper state of preparation, when the following paragraph appeared in the Salem Gazette:—

"*Chinese Lady.*—It will be seen by referring to our advertising columns, that the exhibition at Concert Hall, is to be continued for this *evening only*, and that the price of admission is reduced to *twenty five cents.*"

Ah, Mr News Letter, you should have seen Egypt's queen when she read the above five lines—a typhoon is a zephyr in comparison with the fury of her indignant feelings—the idea that a person who would exhibit herself at *half price! Twenty-five cents!!* should expect, or would be allowed to receive *honorable satisfaction*, was the very climax of impudence—the thought was not to be entertained for a moment—the charge was drawn from the pistols, (two sugar plumbs and a drop of peppermint,) the coffee-pot kicked over by *Cleo's* delicate foot, and the whole affair dismissed *sans ceremonie.*

The Gold Currency.—The Major, of the Atlas, appears to be in a good deal of trouble about the "gold currency." He is continually crying out, "where is it." Now the Major knows very well that he has been offered gold but had not its value to return in exchange for it. A few mornings since, after he had been enquiring loudly for gold, a lad offered him a half Eagle, but the Major, after shaking all the stiches out of his pockets in search of its equivalent, was obliged to let the yellow bird go, as he said he was unable to change it. You had better get your pockets mended Major, and at least have five dollars in them before you inquire again for the "gold currency."

☞ The unprovoked and inhuman attack upon *the* venerable Dr Bede, in the N. Y. Transcript, will not be suffered to pass unnoticed. A time will come, Mr Transcript, when the Doctor will vindicate his character in a manner that will make you quake—the immortal inventor of the *Elongated Corkscrew* is not to be trifled with, you may be assured.

The Atlas asserts that the author of "LEON" is a German. This we have directly denied—the Atlas knows its assertion to be untrue, yet wilfully repeats the lie.

The School Dinner, yesterday, we are informed, was gotten up in good style, and passed off to the gratification and entire satisfaction of the company present.

A Visit to the American Churches, by Drs. Reed and Matheson," has been published by the Harpers in two handsome volumes. They contain a general view of the moral condition of the country, and a geographical, and something of a political, description of those portions of it the travellers passed over. We regret to see in a work of this character a statement so false as that "Mr Jefferson founded the Charlotteville University on avowedly skeptical and infidel principles." The Reverend Doctors must have been most grossly deceived if they believed this to be true. We copy the following from some remarks about the Common in this city, as it supports the opinion we published upon the same subject some time since:—

"I cannot dismiss this spot without expressing a fear that, in their excess of love, the Bostonians may spoil it. I observed with regret that a number of young trees had been recently planted over this park, which, if allowed to grow up as they stand, will entirely destroy the charming effect of this picture. What had been previously done, had been done with great taste and efficiency; but if the present plantations are realized, there will be a few French avenues, and nothing more."

One of the authors pays a just tribute to the character of our merchants in the second volume, p. 190:—

"I know it has been said, as against the higher morality of this people, that their merchants are less honorable than ours. I have given some attention to this, as it is certainly an important allegation; and as I had found reason partly to give it my acquiescence. I suppose it will be easily admitted, that no mercantile interests were ever more honorably conducted than are those of Great Britain. But honor is conventional, and of slow growth; and when matured it has a tendency to self preservation; so that a person finds with us, that he can scarcely be a merchant without being a man of honor.

To try the American merchant by such a test, may be sufficiently severe; yet he need not shrink from it. He is certainly less influenced by what is conventional; but he is, at least, equally affected by what is properly moral. I have every reason to think, that the regular and accredited merchant of the States, is as upright in his transactions, as steady to his contracts, and is governed by as high a sense of justice, as are the merchants of the old world."

A review of our whole character, political and religious, near the conclusion of the second volume, is concluded thus:—

"Who shall doubt of such a people? They are full of hope themselves, and they create hope in others.—Every thing about them contributes to nourish it. They are born into national existence in the most auspicious times. All the lessons of wisdom which have been suggested through ages to other nations are at their command. They begin their course just where other empires have closed theirs. Their field of action is so vast, that they may put forth the mightiest energies, without exposure to hostile interests and barbarous warfare. They need fear no foe, and therefore they need not embarrass themselves with alliances which might lead to a conflict and bloodshed. They have the fairest opportunity of showing how little a Government may be felt as a burden, and how much as a blessing, silently diffusing life, liberty, and joy, over an immense community. The people are aware of this, and are ennobled by their circumstances.—They believe all things, and they will accomplish all things."

Trade of Boston.—A writer in the Daily Advertiser is engaged in pointing out to the merchants of Boston some of the reasons why they do not obtain more of the trade of the Southern and Western States. He states that the merchants here are proverbially illiberal, compared with those of New York, Baltimore, or Philadelphia, and that they are not sufficiently ready to extend their accommodations to strangers. The Southern merchants who come to Boston to buy goods are, generally speaking, men who are independent in their feelings and circumstances—they bring letters of the highest credit—but notwithstanding all this, as soon as it is ascertained that the customer is from a distant place, and wants ten months credit, he is regarded with distrust,—and consequently turns upon his heel disgusted, and returns to New York or Baltimore to make his purchases. Notwithstanding his solvency and large capital, he is justified in asking a credit of ten months, for three reasons, as assigned by the writer in the Daily, viz:

"First, it requires a long time to get the goods home, 60 to 90 days, half the customary length of credit—Secondly, those who buy here are to a considerable extent a sort of wholesale merchants, and sell out to smaller dealers in their neighborhoods, to whom they give long credits.—Thirdly, those who retail the goods are obliged to give, as in all new agricultural and planting districts they must, twelve months credit."

The writer, whose views and opinions are consonant with our own, continues:

"Yet, after all, the Western and Southern traders pay *sooner* than the New England traders as a body. Here we *give* six months—our customers take EIGHTEEN. The Southerner asks for ten, and pays when it is due through bank, or else fails; the Yankee wants but six, takes ten, twelve, eighteen, and as much more as he can get; will pay some time, nobody knows when. * * * We are strong in the belief that the business of Boston might be doubled in five years, if our merchants would turn their attention to the trade of which we speak; if they would traverse the distant States, make themselves acquainted with the wants and resources of the inhabitants, and ascertain those facts which would give them an intelligent confidence in their reputation and habits; and IF those who control our large manufacturing establishments would just keep their goods at home, in Boston, and permit those who want them to come after them, and when they do come give them the most indulgent terms they can afford."

Mr. John Marsh, of Danvers, recently lost a yoke of fat oxen from his pasture, and subsequently found them in Charlestown, where they had been sold by two young men who had been employed by him the first of the season. He tracked the thieves to the neighborhood of Bangor, where they were arrested—they have been brought back to Danvers and bound over.

Characteristic.—The editor of the Dunstable Telegraph says that he shall not read the Address of the Baltimore Convention—this is the way with the majority of the opposition—they only read upon one side of the question, and thus go on, half blindfolded, tumbling over every political pebble that lies in their path.

The Tremont Theatre was very full last evening; the military portion of the audience made a very handsome display, and were received and treated with every mark of respect and courtesy.

The Salem Gazette denies that the brig Gleaner, from the coast of Africa, entered that port *with a deck load of monkeys*, as reported in the Daily Advertiser.

The Baltimore papers say that the brave and venerable General SMITH will probably receive the unanimous vote of the city for the Mayoralty.

MUNICIPAL COURT.

[Wednesday, August 15—Commonwealth vs. John A. Silloway—cheating by false pretences.]

Intelligence Office Keepers.—We copy, for the edification of such intelligence brokers, as live by preying on the poor and friendless, the following extract, being only one-third part of a long bill presented by the Grand Jury to one of their worshipful fraternity.—We hope they will not be deterred, either by its length, or technicality, and uncouth phraseology, from giving it an attentive perusal, for they will find in it much food for grave reflection:—

"The Jurors for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, on their oath present—that John A Silloway of Boston, Intelligence Office Keeper, on the 26th day of June, &c. being a person of an evil disposition, and devising and intending by unlawful ways and means, to obtain and get into his hands and possession the goods, merchandize, chattels, and effects of the honest and good citizens of this Commonwealth, and with intent to cheat and defraud one Josiah M Magoon, a person then and there seeking and wishing for employment as a servant on hire and for wages, did then and there unlawfully, knowingly, and designedly, falsely pretend and represent to said Magoon, that he the said Silloway knew of persons who wanted to employ and hire servants in their families, in their bar rooms, and in their stables, and who probably would hire and employ said Magoon on wages, and that he would give true and correct references and directions to such persons, if he the said Magoon would then and there give said Silloway *One Dollar* for said references.

And the said Josiah M. Magoon then and there believing the said false pretences and representations so made as aforesaid by the said John A. Silloway, and being deceived thereby, was induced, by reason of the false pretences and representations so made as aforesaid, to deliver and did then and there deliver to the said Silloway One Dollar of the proper money and property of said Magoon. And the said Silloway did then and there receive and obtain the said money and property of the said Magoon, by means of the false pretences and representations aforesaid, and with the intent to cheat and defraud the said Magoon of the same money and property, whereas in truth and fact the said Silloway then and there did not know of persons who wanted to employ and hire servants in their families in their bar rooms, and in their stables, and who probably would hire and employ said Magoon on wages, and said Silloway then and there *could not* give true and correct references and directions, to such persons, and *would not* give to said Magoon such true and correct references and directions, to such persons for One Dollar, but the thing from said Magoon said sum of One Dollar, he gave him false and useless references and directions to *other* persons, and so the Jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths aforesaid, do say that the said John A. Silloway, by means of the false pretences aforesaid, &c. unlawfully, knowingly, and designedly did receive and obtain from said Magoon the said sum of One Dollar of the proper money and property of the said Magoon, with intent to defraud him of the same, against the peace of said Commonwealth, and contrary to the form of the statute in such case made and provided."

In addition to the preceding count, alleging a fraud practised on Magoon by Silloway, there were two other counts, alleging precisely similar frauds, in the same terms, on one Benjamin Palmer and Daniel Johnson. Each of the three sufferers took receipts from Silloway, which both prove and express definitely the contracts entered into by each party, viz:—

Boston, June 26, 1835.
Recd. of Josiah M. Magoon One Dollar for which I agree to find him a situation in business to suit him, by Tuesday next or return the money,
J. A. SILLOWAY.

Boston, June 3, 1835.
Recd. of Benj. Palmer One Dollar for which I agree to find him a place to suit him in three days or refund his money.
J. A. SILLOWAY.

Boston, June 11, 1835
Recd. of Daniel Johnson One Dollar for which I agree to find him a place to suit him in one week or return his money.
J. A. SILLOWAY.

The way Silloway performed these obligations was "a caution to Crockett." In the first place, he obtained the books of a former broker in the city, named Lewis, whose business was destroyed by the troublesome interference of the Grand Jury, last winter. He transcribed the names from Lewis's old record on to his own books, and sent the applicants to the places therein indicated, and persisted in this system, till one of the persons who was thus pestered by applications for hire, threatened to prosecute him. In one instance, Magoon, a man of several years standing, was sent to a place where they wanted a little boy, willing to work for his clothes; and the nearest approach he made to obtain a situation at Silloway's office, was when a man called at the office for a likely *chamebrmaid*, and Magoon followed him out on the sidewalk, and had a talk with him. In this part of the case, it must be admitted, that Magoon faltered a little, when the defendant's counsel asked him if "he considered himself competent to render all the services required of a chambermaid." After some little hesitation, he denied that he applied for the respectable office of chambermaid, but inquired if the person man was in want of a man, but could not come to terms with him. Magoon finally obtained employment at Charlestown, without the agency of Silloway, who notwithstanding failed to pay back the money, and ordered him out of his office when he became decided in his demand for it.

With regard to Palmer and Johnson, Silloway likewise entirely failed to fulfill any part of his contracts.—In truth, he appears to have suffered much from honest Jack Falstaff's infirmity—he didn't "like that same paying back;"—whether it were to "return," or to "refund," it was still "double trouble." To Johnson, indeed, after much importunity, he gave the following "due bill:"—

Good to Daniel Johnson for One Dollar on demand value recd.
J. A. SILLOWAY.
Boston, June 15, 1835.

The giving of this due bill, Silloway's counsel unsuccessfully contended, was equivalent to paying back the dollar; but certainly, if the scrap of paper was not "good to Daniel Johnson for one dollar," it was "good to" S. D. Parker, Esq. for a severe sarcasm or two upon the defendant's credit in the stock market; he would not admit it to be worth a fourpence. Silloway was ingeniously and zealously defended by Col. Prescott, and as decisively denounced by Mr Parker. After the jury had been out about half an hour, they came into Court, and their foreman declared that there was no prospect of their being able to agree upon a verdict. We understood there were *eleven* for convicting, and *one* for acquitting him. He was then ordered to recognize in the sum of $150, for his appearance at the nent term, to undergo another trial.

One Dollar and six Cents, and not two dollars and six cents, is the price offered for making gentlemen's shoes in Lynn.

The manufacture of spurious coin for Hayti and South America, is carried on to considerable extent. A schooner arrived here from Belleville, New Jersey, on Thursday with 380 boxes of it—each containing $1200, made entirely of copper—amounting to $456.000. They were to be glossed over, previous to exportation. She was seized by the customs, but liberated of some specific law, and from the plea of its being manufactured copper.—*N. Y. Paper.*

It is proposed to organize a City Guard in Baltimore to consist of one hundred persons from each ward, fully armed, equipped and officered.

Five of the convicts working outside the Penitentiary at Washington, made their escape by overcoming the officer who had charge of them. Four of them were retaken.

Elections.—In Kentucky, Richard French (Adm.) is elected to Congress from the district represented last year by Amos Davis, (W.) This leaves the Kentucky representation, so far as heard from, divided as it was in the last Congress. The members ascertained to be elected, are *Chilton Allen, John Chambers, Wm. J Graves,*, Richard French, *James Harlan*, R. M. Johnson, *John White, Benj Hardin, John Calhoon.* [Those in *italics* are Whigs.] Four more districts to be heard from.

In Indiana, according to the Globe, Messrs. Carr, Boon, Hannegan. McCarty, and Kinnard, all in favor of the Administration, are re-elected. Ewing (W.) is also re-elected.

Alabama.—In five counties heard from, there were 2504 votes for C. C. Clay (Adm.) as Governor, and 2154 for Parsons, (Nullifier.)

Bibb county gives 389 votes to Lawler for Congress, 341 to May, and 129 to Shortbridge.

St. Louis, (Missouri,) Aug. 1.—A rencontre of a fatal nature took place last evening, in the lower end of the city, between two Spaniards, who arrived a few days since on board the *George Collier.* The quarrel is said to have originated on board the boat, during her passage up, and was terminated late last evening with knives. One of the parties was stabbed in the right breast, ranging downwards, with a knife about 14 inches long, driven in with such force as to bury nearly the whole of the handle in the body. The other was stabbed in the abdomen, ranging across, his bowels protruding from the wound. The former died instantaneously, and the latter is not expected to survive. This part of the city has for some time past become the resort of a band of desperadoes, who make a practice of cutting each other's throats with the most perfect *nonchalance.* Would it not be well for our city authorities to give this den an overhauling.—*Bulletin.*

A Down East Editor.—E. Holmes of the Maine Farmer, seems, according to the following advertisement, to be run aground, at his farm, for want of utensils:—

The several individuals who have at sundry times borrowed of the subscriber the following articles, viz, two axes, one wheelbarrow, two garden rakes, one hay rake, three hoes, two horse and cart harnesses, one common bridle, one pair of reins, besides many other articles too numerous to mention, are requested never *to bring them home*—it being contrary to the custom of the place. But if they will give him information when they have done with them, he will send for them.
E. HOLMES.

N. B.—The person who either borrowed my pitchfork and returned it broken, or broke it where it was left, is informed that he is welcome to the pieces.

Liverpool papers to the 14th ult. have been received in New York.—The 12th of July, being the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne, was the occasion of serious riots at Belfast and Liverpool. At Galway 1800 families were in a state bordering on starvation. The Irish Church bill had been passed to a second reading in the House of Commons. The King had placed at the disposal of Parliament his Majesty's interests in all benefices in the Church of Ireland. 400 men had been recruited at Dublin for the service of the Queen of Spain: and 350 were about to embark from Cork. A slaver, "El Formidable," with 700 slaves, has been captured by the Br. vessel of war Buzzard, of 10 guns. The slave. had 8 guns and 66 men. The B. had 6 men wounded. The Forester captured in the Bright of Benin, March 20, a Spanish brig with 200 slaves.

Public Meeting at Charleston, S. C.—A great public meeting of the citizens of Charleston, S. C., was held on the 10th inst. to receive the report of the Committee of *twenty-one*, appointed at the meeting of the 4th inst. in relation to the subject of introducing incendiary pamphlets, &c. into the slave holding States. A preamble and resolutions were adopted—in which is strongly urged the importance of adopting effectual measures on the part of the General or State Government, or by the people of the non-slaveholding States by calling a Convention or otherwise, for the suppression of the great and growing evil complained of—and that unless something of this nature should be effected, it will become the solemn duty of the Slaveholding States to adopt the most decisive and efficacious measures TO PROTECT THEMSELVES.—*Merc.*

Remarkable Cure.—A young man in this village had a finger cut off by the blade of a hay-cutter a few days since. It was divided between the first and second joints. Dr. Deane was called in about fifteen minutes afterward; the severed portion had fallen among the hay, and was then pale and cold; it was taken up, washed in warm water, secured on the stump by sewing and bandages, and is now entirely re-united. This fact should serve as a lesson in all similar cases, to 'save the pieces.'—*Franklin Merc.*

Some of the Bank papers are complaining of a scarcity of specie and with an air of triumph ask, where are the Jackson Eagles. When that great *cage* at Philadelphia and the thousands of little *cages* distributed about the country shall have been destroyed—then and not till then will the democratic Eagles perch upon the hard hand of toil, and gladen the heart of the tradesman. There are now *caged* in the vaults of the bank at Philadelphia, about ONE MILLION of Eagles bright from the mint.—*Gloucester Dem.*

A week Later from Buenos Ayres—We have received Buenos Ayres papers to the 13th June. "The functions in honor of the new government," says the British Packet of that date, "still continue. Such a series of rejoicings has certainly never taken place before in this country."

The Government of Montevideo have issued a decree opening the ports of that Republic to Spanish vessels, "upon the same conditions as national vessels in the port of Spain."—*Jour. Com.*

Shocking Accident.—Yesterday afternoon, as a lad aged 16 years, son of Mr Fox, schoolmaster, was amusing himself with rocking upon a stone on the cellar wall of the new school-house now erecting in Tremont street, he lost his balance, and was precipitated into the cellar, followed by the stone, which fell upon him and crushed him to death in a most horrid manner.—*Briggs.*

Ingenious Villainy.—A Southern house, on receiving a case of English mustard, manufactured in Hull, and sent from this city, found every bottle enveloped in an abolition speech from the debates in Parliament. The article being of a domestic character, would naturally have been handed over to the blacks in the kitchen, and thus secretly circulated.—*N. Y. Paper.*

A pregnant woman, far advanced, while being removed during the fire, Wednesday, from a building in Ann street, through the fright, was safely delivered in the middle of the street of a fine child. His name should be *Blaze.*

The canal tolls of Pennsylvania up to July 14th exceed $400,000, which is already double the amount of the same period last year.

SALE OF STOCKS AT AUCTION, YESTERDAY,
[By Benjamin Winslow]

12 shares People's Bank at Roxbury, $51¾ for 50.
10 do South Bank, ¼ adv
14 do Roxbury India Rubber Co, $140 a 147 pr sh.
2 do Lynn India Rubber Co, $10½ pr sh.
5 do Lowell Rail Road, $540 pr sh.
5 do do do newstock, $40 premium.
15 do East Boston Malleable Iron Co, $139 a 141 pr sh.

JOSEPH OSBORNE tenders his thanks to the Fire Departments of Cambridge and Boston, for their successful exertions in saving his property from destruction, when dangerously exposed to the fire at Cambridgeport, on the morning of the 18th inst.
Cambridgeport, Aug. 19, 1835. au20

BRIGHTON MARKET—MONDAY, Aug. 17.
[From the Daily Advertiser & Patriot.]

At market 740 Beef Cattle, 75 Stores, 42 Cows and Calves, 3390 Sheep and 300 Swine. About 120 swine were at market several weeks since. About 150 beef cattle remain unsold.

PRICES. *Beef Cattle*—Last week's prices were hardly supported A few fine were taken at 33s—prime at 31s6d—good 28s6da30s—thin oxen and cows at 24a27s—two years old 21a 22s6d.

Cows and Calves—In good demand—Sales at 19, 24, 27, 28, 33 and $35.

Sheep—Nearly all purchased before they arrived at market, with the expectation of a scanty supply—ordinary at 9s9d, 10s 6d, and 11s—middling 11s6d, 12s, 12s9d and 13s6d—better qualities 14, 15s and 16s6d—a few weathers were taken at something more than $3.

Swine—Dull—one lot of 183 were taken on a contract—price unknown—a very few only were retailed, principally without weighing.

NOTICE.—The Democratic Republicans of Charlestown, friendly to the National Administration, and the election of Marcus Morton for Governor, and William Foster for Lieut. Governor, are requested to meet at the Democratic Hall ☞ THIS EVENING, 20th inst. at 8 o'clock, to consider the expediency, and if deemed expedient, to elect delegates to the Worcester Convention.
au 19 PHINEAS J. STONE, Chairman T C.

CLASS OF 1832.—The Class of 1832 will meet at Willard's Hotel, in Cambridge, at 9 o'clock on the morning of Commencement Day.
A Supper will be provided in the evening.
R. M. CHAPMAN, } Committee.
a 17—ept26 JOHN STARK, }

THE MECHANICS generally, and Carpenters especially, are requested to meet at the Masonic Temple, this evening, Aug. 20th, to take into consideration the Ten Hour System of Labor The Delegation from the Journeymen House Carpenters' Association of Philadelphia, and one from the Cordwainers of Baltimore, Philadelphia, Newark, and New-York, will be present, and also the Delegation from the House Wrights of this city to New York and Philadelphia, will be able to present a partial, but interesting Report.
All persons friendly to the objects of the Meeting, are invited to attend, and participate in the proceedings. * au20

MARRIED.

In this city, od Wednesday evening, by Rev Mr Linsley, Mr LEOPOLD HERMAN (firm of Bryent & Herman) to Miss MARGARET D. EDWARDS, daughter of Mr Joseph Edwards, all of this city.

In Charlestown, on Tuesday evening, by Rev Mr Crosby, Mr Edwin F. Adams to Miss Caroline M, youngest daughter of Nathan Webb, Esq.

In Brewster, 9th inst, Mr Wm A. Bates, of Boston, to Miss Hannah S. Cobb, of Brewster,

In Orono, Me, Mr Storer Rinds to Miss Julia W. Talbot, of Portland.

DIED

In this city, on Sunday, Mr Nathl Seaver, late of ship Mount Vernon, 27.

On Wednesday, Wiseman Winn, son of Thomas and Eliza Thorp, 18 mos.

On Tuesday, Mrs Ann Long, 67.

In Gloucester, Mr John Trueboody, 67.

In Westborough, 18th instant, Mr Charles Parkman Jones, aged 27.

In Havana, on the 13th ult, of yellow fever, Mr William Erskine Rockwood, late of West Springfield, Mass, and son of the late Ebenr Rockwood, Esq, of this city.

BRIGGS'S FOREIGN LETTER OFFICE,
Mechanics' News Room, Wilson's Lane, Boston.

Letters for the Indian, Pacific, S. Atlantic Oceans, Cape de Verds, Western Islands and Cape Good Hope, will be forwarded by the first opportunity from New Bedford, Nantucket, Falmouth or Edgarton.
N. B.—Letters received and forwarded to all foreign ports by the earliest conveyances, either from this port, Salem, Portsmouth, New Bedford or New York. 1sft—a3
Letter Bags for Liverpool and Havre will close on FRIDAY Evening, at 8 o'clock.

JOB PRINTING, OF EVERY VARIETY, NEATLY QUICKLY, AND CHEAPLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE d 16

IMPORTATIONS.

HALIFAX—Sch Industry—1 cask 1 bbl 1 box old copper—3 cords wood—2 bbls salmon—1 box smoked do—specie—old rags and junk.

SHIP-NEWS---BOSTON, 1835

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 19, ARRIVED.

Brig Pavo, Reed; Philadelphia,
Brig Belisarius, Davis, Barnstable.
Br sch Industry, Fletcher, Halifax.
Br sch Caroline, Best, St John, NB.
Sch Wyoming, Mathews, Philadelphia.
Sch Oriental, Smith, New York.
Sch Mail, Loring, New York.
Sch Compliance, Sparrow, New York.
Sch Jasper, Howes, New York.
Sch Nile, Baker, New York.
Sch Mary Elizabeth, Bowman, Eastport.
Sch Cardinal, Deforest, New York.
Sch Paramount, Godfrey, Philadelphia.
Sch Mary Jane, Williams, Norfolk.
Sch Rambler, Merrithew, Norfolk.
Sch Argon, Baker, Morris River, D.
Sch Pearl, Colby, Newburyport.
Sch Rambler, Tuckerman, Portsmouth.
Sch Gov Robbins, Rogers, Calais.
Sch Wm Tell, Bean, Dover
Sch Jasper, Reed, Philadelphia.
Sch Two Sisters Gibbs, Washington NC.
Sloop Harriet, Holmes, Plymouth
Sloop Diricio, Godfrey, Lubec.
Telegraphed—Ships New Jersey; Perdonnet.

CLEARED.

Ship Dalmatia, Child, New Orleans; brigs Spartan, Stanwood, Surinam; Dan Kilby, Anthony, Philadelphia; schs President, Frazer, Pictou; Sir GW Archibald, Morrison, Parsboro; Dove, Marmaud, Arichat; Glide, Godfrey; Splendid, Tucker; Oscar, Baker, and Sun, Nickerson, N York; sloops Pomona, New Bedford; Atalanta, Plymouth; Packet, and Express, Salem.

At Pernambuco about 33 days since, Kingston, Bangs, Boston 7
At Liverpool 13th ult, Othello, Saunders, Savannah; Admittance, Bradford, and Sarah Parker, West, Charleston. Entered for loading, Franklin, and Albree, Boston; New England, Bath
Off Point Lynas, ship America, Tompkins, Havre, for Liverpool.
At St Pierres, Mart, 3d inst, Stranger, Bartlett, Boston 6 or 8 days.
A sch hence for West Indies, passed Bermuda 10th—sent a Boston paper ashore of the 1st inst.
At Cork 18th July, ship Sarah Sheaf, Merry, for New York 1st inst.
At Laguna 23d July, brigs Jasper, Oliver, for Marseilles 35; Audubon, Simpson, New York dne.

SPOKEN.

July 26, lat 45 50, lon 30 46, ship Emperor, StUbes, for Boston.
Aug 10, lat 40 44, lon 62 15, ship Wm Gray, 5 days hence for Calcutta.
May 29, lat 5 20 N, lon 24 26 W, ship Mariposa, Gale, hence for Batavia
Lat 23 6 S, lon 31 45 W, ship Fortitude, Lambert, hence, for India.

SALEM, Aug 18—ar steamer Sandusky, Boston, to go on the railway for repairs.
NEWBURYPORT, Aug 15—ar brig Lady Washington, Knapp, St Pierres 3d inst.
NEW BEDFORD, Aug 18—cleared brig Cherokee, Wood, Marseilles.
PROVIDENCE, Aug 18—cleared brig Moscow, Perry, Turks Island.
NEW YORK, Aug 18—ar ships Josephine, Britton, Cork July 13; Glide, Townsend, Buenos Ayres; brig Splendid, Barney, Laguna 23d ult; schs Trio, Splendid, and Wm Roscoe, Boston.
Cleared brig Franklin, Barton, Teneriffe.
18th—ar Margaret, Pepper, Bordeaux; Henrietta, Britton, Gambia.
RICHMOND Aug 14—sailed Tidal, Gill, and Effort, Kilby, Boston.
CHARLESTON, Aug 11—cleared Sterling, Feef, Liverpool; ar 8th, Chief, Boston.
NEW ORLEANS, July 31—cleared bark EM, Miller, and brig Borodino, Hayward, Havre.

CARDS Engraved and Printed, in the best manner at 11 Washington street. Every attention paid to orders for cuts on boxwood, cutting stencils, seals, doorplates, &c. by the public's most obedient servant, NATH'L DE BORN.
☞ Copper and steel plate printing executed with neatness and despatch. M&Tu1stf may 28

OFFICE TO RENT.—The subscriber being obliged to be absent most of the time for one year, would lease for that term, the Office No 26 State street, occupied by him—application may be made at the Insurance Office, above, or to WILLIAM BUTTERS. 1wis—au13

CLAPBOARDS, SHINGLES, &C.—40M Sawed Clapboards—9 do Shipping and Laying Shingles—2 do Blind Stuff—1 do Pickets—now landing, for sale by
FERDINAND E. WHITE,
au19 is2w 22 Long wharf.

PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT.

FOR PORTSMOUTH, DOVER AND GREAT FALLS, N. H. AND SOUTH BERWICK, Maine.

Fare to Portsmouth, $2.00
" Dover, 2.25
" Great Falls and South Berwick, 2.25

THE STEAM BOAT CITIZEN,

CAPT. J L CLENDENIN.

Will leave the T wharf, Boston, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, at 7 o'clock, for Portsmouth, Dover and Great Falls, N. H. and South Berwick, Me.

Stages will be in readiness at Portsmouth, to take passengers to the above places. Seats in the stages may be secured on board the boat, and at the Dover Hotel.

Returning—will leave Portsmouth every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, at 7 o'clock.

Stages will leave the above places for Portsmouth, in time to meet the Boat.

Arrangements have been made with a Line of Packets to carry Freight to and from Dover, each trip.

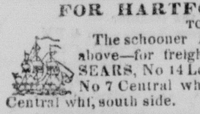
☞ For freight or passage apply on board, or to EDMUND WRIGHT Jr, T wharf, or I. W. GOODRICH, 58 Washington street. eois4m m26

NAHANT STEAM BOAT.—PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT.

The elegant low pressure Steamboat FANNY, Captain A. Marsh, will leave Fort Hill wharf for Nahant as follows—every week day at 9 o'cl'k A. M and 3 P. M.—Sundays, at 10 o'clock, A. M. and 2 P. M. Returning, leaves Nahant at 11 A. M and 5½ P. M. Fare, 25 cts. istf jy15

FOR HARTFORD—REGULAR LINE.

TOMORROW.



The schooner ANN, Capt Goodspeed, will sail as above—for freight or passage apply to JOSHUA SEARS, No 14 Long whf, HARTSHORN & ELLIS, No 7 Central whf, or the captain on board, head of Central whf, south side. aug14

FOR NEW ORLEANS—PACKET LINE.

The fast sailing, coppered brig CAROLINE, A. Pratt, master, is loading at India wharf—having part of her freight engaged, will sail on Thursday next, and take steam at the Balize—for freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, 110 Milk st. is6p au13

FOR NEW ORLEANS.—On the 25th inst.

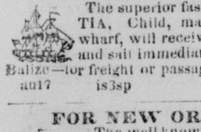
The new and superior fast sailing coppered ship ARCHIMEDES, 450 tons burthen, G. Winsor master, is now loading, and will positively sail on the 25th inst. For freight or passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations—apply to the master on board at Lewis's North wharf, or to DANIEL DESHON, No 6 Long wharf.

☞ Shippers are requested to send receipts with their goods.

☞ Steam taken immediately on arrival at the Balize.

aug 18 istf

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—PACKET LINE.



The superior fast sailing coppered ship DALMATIA, Child, master, is loading at Commercial wharf, will receive light freight till Wednesday next and sail immediately after, and take steam at the Balize—for freight or passage, apply to

au17 is3sp S. R. ALLEN, 110 Milk street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS—PACKET LINE.

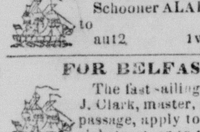
The well known, fast sailing, coppered ship LOWELL, Crocker, master, is now ready to receive freight, at Commercial wharf, and will sail on the 18th September, and take steam at the Balize—for freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, 110 Milk st. istf—au17

FOR SAVANNAH.

The good brig Rufus is loading at India wharf, and having half her cargo on board, will sail on Thursday next—for freight or passage, apply to

aug17 is4p S & ALLEN, 110 Milk st.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.



Schooner ALABAMA, J. H. Howes, master—apply to LOMBARD & WHITMORE,

au12 1w 31 Commercial whf.

FOR BELFAST—*WITH DESPATCH.*

The fast-sailing regular packet schr MECHANIC, J. Clark, master, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to SETH E. BENSON, 42 Commercial street, or to the master on board at Eastern Pier. aug 19

FOR SALE, FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The superior l w deck brig GRAND TURK, French, master; 175 tons burthen—apply to LOMBARD & WHITMORE, 31 Commercial wharf.

au 20 5tis

FOR SALE, FREIGHT, OR CHARTER.

The low deck brig STANDARD, 138 tons, 4 years old, in good order—apply to LOMBARD & WHITMORE.

au 20 is10t 31 Commercial wharf.

FOR SALE, FREIGHT, OR CHARTER.

The brig WAVE, 124 tons—apply to LOMBARD & WHITMORE, 31 Commercial wharf.

au 20 1wis

FOR SALE—a very convenient Brick Dwelling

House, pleasantly located, in one of the best situations in the city, near the Mall. Apply at this office.

aug 20

TO LET—A two story Brick House, No 3 Elliot Court, having a parlor and kitchen on the lower floor, 4 sleeping rooms, cellar, yard, and the best well and cistern water, in good order. Apply to HOLBROOK & SHATTUCK, opposite the head of Hanover street, No 4, (up stairs.) 3t au20

HOUSE FOR SALE—Situated No 210 Ann street—for particulars, apply to CYRUS WAKEFIELD, 35 Commercial st. epistf—au15

FOR SALE.

A genteel Brick House, on Merrimack st. opposite Warren Hotel, containing 7 rooms, a good cellar and water, with other conveniences—also, to be let a Dwelling House in Leverett Court, rent $120 a year.—Apply to JOS. A. WHITNEY, opposite Warren Hotel, au 20 eop1w

POWDER HORN HILL HOUSE—CHELSEA.

This House is now open for the reception of company—it is pleasantly situated on the Winnimset old road, one mile from the Ferry.

J. INGALLS.

P. S. A few gentlemen can be accommodated with board on reasonable terms. 2is—tf—a20

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has been duly appointed executor of the last will and testament of Andrew Dunlap, late of Salem, in the county of Essex, Esquire, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. Al persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same—and all persons indebted to said estate, are called upon to make payment to

BENJAMIN W. STONE, Executor.

Salem, Aug 18, 1835. 2W a20

$25 REWARD.—Lost, a small Wallet, containing 1 $50 bill, of the Oriental Bank, Boston—1 $20 bill of the U. S. Bank at Natchez—5 $5 bills of the Nahant Bank at Lynn—and other small bills to the amount of about $30, banks not recollected—with sundry small notes and receipts payable to the subscriber, whose name is legibly marked inside the wallet. Whoever has found the same and will leave it with the subscriber, with the contents, at No 19 Merchants' Row, shall have the above reward, and the thanks of the owner. TIMOTHY REED.

a20 3tis*

WASHINGTON STREET—Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that the Mayor and Aldermen will, on Monday next, at 4 o'clock, P. M. at their room City Hall, take into consideration the expediency of laying a Common Sewer in Washington street, from Warren street to the Worcester Railroad, and assessing the expense thereof, according to law, upon those whose estates shall be benefitted thereby Any person objecting to the same may then and there be heard.

By order of the Mayor and Aldermen,

au20—tM S. F. McCLEARY, City Clerk.

NOTICE.—The Assignees of CHAS. WIGHT being about to close said assignment, desire all persons having demands against them to present the same to DAVID CARTER, 45 North Market street, for payment. 3tis au20

BRIGHT VARNISH now landing per Mail, for sale by F. E. WHITE, No 22 Long wharf.

is5t au20

WILL POSITIVELY CLOSE, Tuesday, the 25th August !

THE CELEBRATED EXHIBITION

OF THE STATUE OF

CLEOPATRA

NOW OPEN AT

HARDING'S GALLERY.—SCHOOL STREET.

Hours of Exhibition from 8, AM. to 10, PM. —a18

A CARD.—MR PAPANTI has the pleasure to inform the ladies and gentlemen of Boston and its vicinity, that it is his intention to return to the city about the second week in September, when he will positively open his school for the instruction of pupils in the polite accomplishment of DANCING—particulars of his plan and hours of attendance will be given hereafter. 3tis au18

WANTED, in a Jewelry Store, a smart active young man, about 17 years of age—good recommendations will be required—inquire at this office. 3tis—au19

TREMONT THEATRE.

THIS EVENING, August 20,

Will be presented the celebrated Comedy of the

DRAMATIST!—Or, Stop Him Who Can

Lord Scratch	Mr Johnson
Vapid	Barrett
Marrianne	Mrs Smith
Lady Waitfort	Campbell

To conclude with the Melo Drama of the

SOMNABULIST.

De Rosenbert	Mr Smith
Colin de Trop	Andrews
Ernestine	Mrs Lewis

☞ Doors open at 7. Performance will commence at 7½.

Prices—Boxes, $1. Pit 50 cents. Gallery 25 cents.

TO THE PUBLIC.—At a meeting of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, duly held in Boston, on Monday, August 17th, A. D. 1835,

VOTED:—That the following Address to the Public, be subscribed by the undersigned Committee, and published in the Newspapers.

Attest. SAMUEL J, MAY, Sec'y.

ADDRESS.

The Massachusetts Anti Slavery Society, and others concurring generally in its principles, feel it to be their duty to themselves and the community, to make the following public declaration and disavowal. We offer this statement, at the present time, because the attempt is now made, to fix upon Abolitionists sentiments and intentions which they abhor;—because the suppression of our opinions by open force is recommended, and has been, in numerous cases, already commenced;—and because we are confident the public would think more favorably of our opinions and purposes, if they were better understood.

We are charged with violating, or wishing to violate, the Constitution of the United States. What have we done, what have we said, to warrant this charge? We have held public meetings, and taken other usual means of convincing our countrymen that slave-holding is sin, and, like all sin, ought to be, and can be, immediately abandoned. We have said, in the words of the Declaration of Independence, that "ALL MEN are created equal," and that liberty is an unalienable gift of God to every man. We know of no clause in the Constitution, which forbids our saying this. We appeal to the calm judgment of the community, to decide, in view of recent events, whether the measures of the friends, or those of the opposers of abolition, are more justly chargeable with the violation of the Constitution and laws. Have we opposed the freedom of speech? Have we attempted to prevent discussion, and disperse orderly meetings by force? Have we intercepted the public mail? Have we incited mobs, burnt effigies, torn down dwellings, despoiled churches, put men to death without trial?

It is said that the Constitution of the United States forbids our acting, in any way, on this subject. Admit, for a moment, that slavery is, as is so confidently asserted, *guaranteed* by the Constitution: is not the liberty of speech and of the press also explicitly guaranteed? and if it be found that they cannot coexist, the question is before the country,—which of them is best worth preserving? But in truth, there are but three allusions to slavery in that instrument. One clause provides for a slave representation in Congress;—a second forbids Congress to prohibit the African Slave Trade, till the year 1808;—and the third enacts that "persons held to service or labor" in one state, escaping into another, shall be delivered up, on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due. Can our opposers think that these sections contain any prohibition of *speaking* or *writing* on the subject of slavery?

To the union of these states we feel a deep attachment. No price can be paid too great for its preservation, but the sacrifice of honor and principle. It is because we love our whole country, that we think it full time to discuss, at least the remedy for an evil which has been at the root of most of our national difficulties, and which is daily gathering a fearful importance to our honor, our liberty, no existence as a nation, that will permit no patriot to be silent.

It is intimated, that we are guilty of circulating incendiary publications among the southern slaves. We utterly deny this calumny, and call to the proof! We have no design and no means to address the slaves. Nothing can be further from our wishes, than to excite the slave population. We should consider any action of this kind as far worse than useless—as highly dangerous,—and as little less criminal than murder. Why should we seek to promote insurrection? What should we not lose by it? As merchants and mechanics, as citizens and parents, as patriots and Christians, we have as much to risk, as others in this community;—and we know that such an event, would be the greatest calamity to the slave, and to the cause of freedom. No Anti-Slavery society,—and no person connected with any Anti-Slavery Society, is believed to have ever circulated among the slaves, any publication whatever, —as is so often *hinted*, but *never yet, we believe, distinctly charged*, by the opposers of our cause. We solemnly pledge ourselves, that if it can be shown, that any person, connected with our cause, has ever circulated inflamatory tracts among the slaves, or with a view to be read by them,—we will publicly renounce him as a foe to the peace of society, and to the best interests of the oppressed.

We refer our fellow citizens to any and all of our publications, peremptorily denying that there can be found in them a sentence from which could be inferred other counsel to the slaves than this, "to suffer injury long and still be kind," "not to avenge themselves, but give place unto wrath."

The attempt is made to delude the community into the belief, that Abolitionists are willing to secure the emancipation of the slaves, at the expense of the safety of the whites. We deny this charge in the most positive manner. We have never advocated the right of physical resistance, on the part of the oppressed. We assure our assailants, that we would not sacrifice the life of a single slave-holder to emancipate every slave in the United States. On the contrary, we are fully persuaded that the triumph of our principles is the only means of tranquility or safety, for our country.

The foolish tale that we would encourage amalgamation by intermarriage, between the whites and blacks, though often refuted, as often re-appears. We shall content ourselves with a simple denial of this charge. We challenge our opponents to point to one of our publications in which such intermarriages are recommended. One of our objects is to *prevent* the amalgamation now going one, so far as can be done, by placing one million of the females of this country under the protection of law.

We are accused of *interfering* in the domestic concerns of the Southern States. We would ask those, who charge this, to explain precisely what they mean by "interference." If, by interference be meant any attempt to legislate for the Southern States, or to compel them, by force or intimidation, to emancipate their slaves, we, at once, deny any such pretension. We are utterly opposed to any force on the subject, but that of conscience and reason, which are "mighty through God, in the pulling down of strong holds." We fully acknowledge, that no change in the slave-laws of the Southern States can be made, unless by the Southern Legislatures. Neither Congress, nor the Legislatures of the Free States, have authority to change the condition of a single slave in the slave states. But, if by "interference" be intended the exercise of the right of freely discussing this subject, and, by speech and through the press, creating a public sentiment, which will reach the conscience, and blend with the convictions of the slave-holder, and *thus* ultimately work the complete extinction of slavery, this is a species of interference which we can never consent to relinquish. We add (what we have until now said) that on the subject of our relations with the Southern States, we fully concur in the sentiments of our fellow citizen, Daniel Webster, in his published letter to Mr Bolton. We desire at the same time, distinctly to avow our convictions, as according with those of many of the most eminent statesmen in the country, in regard to the constitutional ty and expediency of immediate legislative action, in the abolition of Slavery and the Slave Trade in the district of Columbia—where, in the words of the Constitution, Congress has power "to exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever."

But, whatever may be thought of the tendency of our principles, we claim, as our Constitutional right, the privilege to discuss and promulgate them. The Constitution of the United States *prohibits* Congress from making any law "to abridge the freedom of speech or of the press." The Constitution of Massachusetts expressly guarantees the "right, in an orderly and peaceable manner, to assemble to consult upon the common good," and asserts,—*not* that sound opinions only shall be tolerated, but that "the LIBERTY OF THE PRESS *is essential to the security of* FREEDOM *in a State*; it ought not, therefore, to be restrained, in this Commonwealth."

We respectfully ask our fellow citizens, whether we are to be deprived of these sacred privileges,—and, if so, whether the sacrifice of our rights will not involve consequences dangerous to all men al, and even personal freedom. We have violated—we mean to violate, no law. We have acted, we shall continue to act, under the sanction of the Constitution of the United States. Nothing that we propose to do, can be prevented by our opposers, without violating the Charter of our rights. To the Law, and to the Constitution we appeal.

SAMUEL J MAY,
SAMUEL E. SEWALL,
MOSES THACHER,
WILLIAM LLOYD GARRISON,
JOSEPH SOUTHWICK,
FRANCIS JACKSON,
CHARLES T. HILDRETH,
WILLIAM S PORTER,
EDMUND JACKSON,
HENRY C WRIGHT,
ELLIS GRAY LORING,
E. M P. WELLS,
DANIEL HOLBROOK,
STEPHEN L VEIL,
DEXTER F IRBANK,
H M CHAMBERLAIN,
ISAAC KNAPP,
NATHANIEL SOUTHARD,
CHARLES C. BARRY,
JOHN E FULLER,
JOSEPH TILLSON.
DAVID CAMPBELL
WILLIAM A WEEKS.
NATHANIEL ILLINGS,
JOHN S. KIMBALL,
SYLVANUS BROWN,
GEORGE J CKSON,
PEREZ GILL. } COMMITTEE.

N.B. The public have of the Anti-Slavery Societies are for sale at the Office, 46, Washington-street, where our fellow citizens may procure them, and compare their contents with the above declaration and disavowal. au 20

NEGRO CLOTHS.—Neponset Negro Cloths for sale by GRANT, SEAVER & CO,

aug5 epis6w Liberty square

GREEN PLAINS.—Neponset heavy Green Plains, for sale by GRANT, SEAVER & CO,

aug5 epis6w Liberty square.

WARREN THEATRE.

THIS EVENING, August 20,

STRANGER!—Or, Misanthropy and Repentance.

The Stranger	Mr J R Scott
Count Winterstein	Williamson
Mrs Haller	Mrs Pelby

To conclude with the Nautical Drama of

BLACK EYED SUSAN!—Or, "All in the Downs."

William	Mr J R Scott
Jacob Twig	J S Jones
Black Eyed Susan	Mrs Houpt
Dolly Mayflower	Mrs Asbury

☞ Doors open at 7—the Curtain will rise at 7½ o'clock.

☞ Boxes 50 cents—Parquet 50 cents—Pit 25 cents.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

THE COMMONWEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY hereby give notice, that their Capital Stock now invested according to law, is

$300.000.

that they continue to insure on Marine risks, against the perils of the SEA—and on buildings and merchandise, against the hazard of FIRE, not exceeding $30,000 on any one risk.

JOHN K. SIMPSON, President.

JOHN STEVENS, Secretary istf my 4

ROXBURY

INDIA RUBBER FACTORY.

The public are informed, that the Roxbury India Rubber Company have succeeded in their experiments, and completed their improvements in the manufacture of India Rubber Goods—and that hereafter every article manufactured by them will be stamped—"*Manufactured by the Roxbury India Rubber Company, Roxbury, Mass.*" This is done to guard purchasers against imposition—as there are many imitation articles in the market. This Company will warrant all their manufactures to be fully equal to what they are represented.

Orders for all kinds of Rubber Goods promptly attended to, by J. MARINER, at the Company's Warehouse, 109 State st. Boston, nearly opposite Merchants' row. epistt—au14

NOTICE TO IMPORTERS.

Custom House, Boston, August 18, 1835.

IMPORTERS having claims for a refunding of duty, under the provisions contemplated in the following resolve, are requested to hand in their statements of the amounts claimed, and copies of their orders for the goods imported, on or before the 25th inst.

DAVID BENSHAW, Collector.

Resolution of the 29th January, 1835.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury cause to be ascertained the amount of duties assessed and paid on Plains, Kerseys and Kendall Cottons imported into the United States, which were ordered *after* the passage of the act of the 14th July, 1832, and *before* the passage of the act of the 2d March, 1833, and that he lay an account thereof before the Senate at the next session of Congress.

au19—isept25 (Signed) WALTER LOWRIE, Sec'y.

COPARTNERSHIP FORMED.—We the subscribers have formed a copartnership under the firm of GOULD, WILDER & CO, as makers of Piano Fortes. Being experienced in the business, we intend to make as good instruments as are made in this city; hope to receive the patronage of the public, and respectfully invite ladies and gentlemen to call at our establishment, Boylston street, near Washington street.

S. L. GOULD
B. G. WILDER.
L. WILKINS.
D. B. NEWHALL.

Boston, April 22, 1835.

☞ Tuneing and repairing. Also, Instruments taken in exchange. eotf—½is a90

L. B. GALE, M. D. M. M. S.—Would respectfully inform the citizens of Boston and vicinity that he has removed to No 2, Bowdoin square, where he will attend to the duties of his profession as a Surgeon and Physician; all Surgical Operations which are practicable in Europe or America will be performed. The hour devoted to the diseases of the Eye and Ear, will be in future from 12 to 1 o'clock. Beautiful Artificial Eyes imported from France, will be inserted and warranted. Dr Gale can be consulted until 10 o'clock in the evening, after which he will be at his residence, Temple street, No 74. eop6m4is je2

MARBLE MANUFACTORY—The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from Merrimac Street to his new shop on Charlestown street, in the rear of the new Catholic Church, where he has on hand a large assortment of Marble work, consisting of—

Marble Chimney Pieces, manufactured from best Foreign and Domestic Marble,
Marble Pier and Centre Table Tops,
Marble Monuments, } for Cemeteries.
Marble Tomb Stones, }

Also—a constant supply of Free Stone, for buildings of every kind.

☞ The above comprises a very extensive assortment, and will be sold on such terms as cannot fail to give satisfaction to purchasers.

120—eoly4is CHARLES HARLOW.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.—The subscriber offers for sale, at No 13 Court street, a fresh stock of Gold and Silver Lever, Anchor Escapement, Lepine and common English, French and German Watches—French and German Mantel Clocks—Gold and Silver Spectacles—Jewelry and Fancy Goods—at prices, at least as low as can be found in the city.

PERSONAL and careful attention given to the repairing of the most delicate and complicated, and also the more common watches—Clocks of every description repaired, and on application, immediately attended to at any part of the city, by an experienced workman.

m18 isM&Tutf WM. H. KEITH.

NOTICE.—The subscriber gives notice that he has established himself in this city, at No 40 Long wharf, for the transaction of GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS, and respectfully offers his services to his friends and the public.

EDWIN LAMSON.

Refer to Messrs Chandler & Howard, Boston,
Michael Shepard, Esq, Salem,
Henry A. Breed, Esq, Lynn,
Messrs Parker, Howard & Co, New York,
" Clark & Kellogg, Baltimore.

aug3 M&This3w

TO MERCHANTS.—A man, about 30 years of age, formerly mate of a vessel out of this port—has lately arrived from South America where he has been residing a number of years; he is acquainted with the trade and coasting general having sailed in Portuguese and Spanish vessels, and speaks the languages, wishes to take charge of a vessel of a light draft of water, for the South American trade, being confident that he could give every satisfaction to his employer. For further particulars apply to G H. MARDEN, corner of Merrimac and Friend sts. near the city scales.

istf au 19

EAST FLORIDA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the Stockholders of the East Florida Railroad Company, will be holden at the office of SAM'L S LEWIS, No 1 Commercial wharf, in the City of Boston, on the 15th of October next, 1835, for the purpose of organizing said Company, by choosing Directors, and transacting such other business as may come before said meeting.

SAM'L S. LEWIS, }
JOHN HENSHAW, }
DAVID HENSHAW, } Commissioners.
J. B. DANFORTH, }
STEPHEN WHITE, }

aug19 epist15Oct

GENTLEMEN'S

FINE READY-MADE LINEN,

CONSTANTLY FOR SALE BY

WILLIAM R. KELLEY,

aug6 No 5 Congress Square. istf

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The Subscribers have formed a copartnership under the firm of LEWIS & CO., as dealers in drugs, medicines, paints, dye stuffs, artists' firm colors, and utensils, surgical instruments, &c. &c., and have taken the store of F. Plummer, (late Moffat, Plummer & Co.) 118 State street, opposite Broad street

Boston, August 5, 1835. A. S. LEWIS.
istf JOHN WHEELER.

NOTICE.—The Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of WINSHIP & HEWES, is this day dissolved

august 1 1ms HANDEL WINSHIP.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the late firm of Winship & Hewes, are requested to make payment to the subscriber. S. K. BAYLEY, Assignee.

aug1 istf

$100 REWARD.—An old Leather Pocket Book, containing $300—(mostly Newburyport Bank Bills)—also, a letter to Thomas Ap. Thomas, containing money, and a letter to Mr Rogers, Philadelphia, was stolen from the pocket of the Rev Dr Morss, about 1 o'clock on Monday, at the Depot of the Boston and Providence Rail Road.

The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the money, and a suitable reward for the detection of the robber. For further information, inquire at this office. isep3t au18

STOCKS—SUMMER STOCKS—CRAVATS—Linen Collars—Bosoms—Shirts—Suspenders—Drawers—Hosiery—Gloves, &c, of the latest fashions, most improved forms, and best quality, now opening, constantly receiving and for sale by DARWIN CHAFFIN, at his manufactory and furnishing store, 80 Washington st.

jy30 istf

AUCTION SALES.

BY DANIEL HERSEY,
Office No 24 Exchange street.

FURNITURE &c.

Tomorrow, at 10 o'clock,

At No 30 Commercial st, corner of Foster st.,

I shall sell sundry articles of household furniture, belonging to a gentleman breaking up house-keeping—consisting of beds—bedsteads—1 crib—mahogany and other tables—chairs—looking glasses—1 excellent timepiece—crockery and glass ware—kitchen furniture, &c.

On Tuesday at 2 o'clock P M

On Canton st, near the City Land Offic, on the Neck,

I shall sell one unfinished wooden building, 33 by 20 feet—1½ story's high—built last fall—would make a good house store, or workshop—can be moved at little expense.

N. B. Said building must be moved off the premises within ten days from sale—conditions at sale.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

On Friday, 28th August, at 1 o'clock, on the premises,

I shall sell, by order of the Probate Court for the county of Norfolk, a lot of land, containing 1400 feet, with the buildings thereon, being one ten-foot dwelling house and shed, situated in the City of Boston, on Poplar street, numbered 14—on the premises is a good well of water—said estate belongs to Chs. A. Sumner, of Dorchester, in the county of Norfolk, minor, son of Seth Sumner, late of said Boston, deceased—conditions at sale. Robert Vose, Guardian.

BY J. L. CUNNINGHAM,
Office corner of Federal and Milk street.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
VALUABLE MEDICAL LIBRARY.

This Day, at 9½ o'clock, at office,

The medical and miscellaneous library of the late Dr Stevenson—comprising many valuable medical books in the English and French languages.

Also—the Greek, Latin, Italian and French classics—and a good collection in English literature.

Among the Medical Books are—Bigelow's Materia Medica—Andral's Anatomy—Cooper's Dictionary of Surgery—Abernethy's Surgery—Larrey's Memoirs of Military Surgery—Thatcher's Dispensatory—Hall's Principles of Dragnosis—Johnson's 7 v. new series—Boyer's Surgery—Good's Study of Medecines 4 v—Sydenham's Work—Heberden's Commentaries—Burns on Inflamation—Fordyce, Wilson, and Jackson on Fever—Hunter on the Venereal—Laennec on the Chest—Bougery's Minor Surgery—Haller's Physiology—Russell on the Knee Joint—Williams's on Diseases of the Lungs—Paxton's Introduction—Fyffe's Anatomy 3 v 4to—Nouvean Elemens de Physiologie—Manuel d'Anatomie—Dictionnaire de Matiere Medicale 6v—Dictionnaire des Termes de Medecine—H Rigi prax, Med 1669—Maladies de Peau 2 vols—Laennic de l'Auscultation—Medicine Legale—Rapports du Physique, &c.—Celsi de Remedica—Hoffmanni Opera Omnia 4v. 4to, &c. &c.

In Latin—Cicero, Justin, Juvenal, Horace, Virgil, Tacitus, Livii, &c, &c.

In Italian—Machiavelli, Guicciardini, Varghi Bentivoglis, Alfieri, Metastasio, &c.—Goldini de Montucci—Baritti Dizionario 2 v. &c. &c.

Together with a variety of English and French.

—At 12 o'clock.—

A set of obsletice instruments in case—a case of Surgical instruments—a set of cupping glasses and scarifiers—breast pump—stomach pump an various other articles.

☞ Catalogues will be ready and the books may be examined the day before the sale.

BY LORING NEWCOMB,
Office Nos 27 & 29 Exchange street.

GROCERIES.

This Day, at 9½ o clock, at office,

A general assortment of groceries—consisting of bbls white and brown Havana sugars—loaf do—teas—coffee—starch—bxs soap—do pipes—do cigars—qr and eighth casks Madeira wine, bbls dried apples—bbls rum, gin and brandy—shop furniture etc.

—At 11 o'clock—

15 good ducking and plover guns—with a variety of other articles.

STOCK OF GROCERIES.

Tomorrow at 9 o'clock.

At store head of Liverpool wharf, in Purchase st,

All the stock of said store—partially damaged by the late fire—consisting of bbls sugar—chests and nl do old and young hyson teas—do souchong—coffee—chocolate—bells—bxs soap—do starch—do candles—do cigars—do hoops—dozs clothes lines—bed cords—brooms—St Croix rum—cognac brandy—American and Holland gin—new rum—wine—cherry rum—cordials of all kinds—pails—buckets—wash tubs—stone jugs—earthen ware—crockery ware—lot of hardware—bbls ship bread—do flour—do English Walnuts—bxs raisins—casks do—bxs pipes—with a variety of other articles.

☞ The sale will be positive to close the concern.

CLOTHING, &c.

On Saturday, at 9 o'clock, at office.

A good lot of new and second hand clothing—consisting of coats—vests—pants—boots—shoes—hats—and numerous other articles.

To Let—store No 112 Purchase st, corner of Gibbs' lane—an excellent stand for a provision store—for further particulars, apply to L. NEWCOMB,
27 & 29 Exchange st.

BY COOLIDGE & HASKELL.

LANDS IN MAINE.

On Thursday, 27th inst, at — o'clock, at City Hall,

1920 acres of Land in the State of Maine—being the lots reserved by the Government, as per deed, marked number one in the Townships—7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, conveyed to William Bingham, containing 320 acres each, viz—

Lot in Township No 7 adjoins Sullivan on the East.
" " " 8 " Ellsworth "
" " " 9 " Franklin "
" " " 10 East of Franklin.
" " " 11 " Cherryfield.
" " " 12 " Columbia.

VALUABLE LOTS IN THE CITY OF BANGOR.

On Thursday 27th inst. at 11 o'clock, at City Hall..

The Williamson and Wyatt estates—comprising about 1100 building lots, ed 50 by 125 feet, well situated on the west side of the City about 250 rods from the Bangor House, on Union Ohio and Hammond Streets.—This property is handsomely laid out in streets, crossing at right angles, with two public squares; containing 11 acres ed; the principa part requires no grading or levelling for building purposes.

The unexampled rapidity of increase of the population of Bangor renders it certain that this property will be worth many times its present value within a few years, offering to the capitalist a rare chance for a profitable investment.

A plan of the above is exhibited at City Hall, and lithlograph maps may be had 10 days previous to the sale on application to our office. Terms—10 per cent on the day of sale, 15 per cent on the delivery of the deeds—the residue may remain on interest, secured by mortgage on the premises.

BY SAMUEL K. BAYLEY,
Office corner of Battery March street and Liberty square.

HORSES, CARRIAGES &c.

On Saturday, at 12 o'clock, in Liberty square,

A large size bay horse—7 years old—warranted sound and kind in any harness—will trot 10 miles an hour with ease—first rate animal for a carryall.

A brass mounted chaise and harness—nearly new—having been used but a few times.

A prime second hand chaise—built by Rayner—large and suitable for a family chaise

A light carryall—may be used for one or two horses.

A sorrel horse—7 years old—warranted sound and kind in any harness.

VALUABLE HORSE.

On Saturday at 12½ o'clock, in Liberty square,

A valuable chesnut colored horse—7 years old—warranted perfectly sound, and kind in any harness—he is good size and handsome figure—sold for no fault—the present owner having no further use for him—may be seen at Webster's stable, Tremont st.

BY J. A. NOBLE,
Auction and Commission Rooms, 111 Washington street.

ENGRAVINGS.

This Evening, at 7½ o'clock, at office,

A large collection of engravings and lithographs—among them are Trumbull's Declaration of Independence—do Battle of Bunker Hill—do death of Montgomery—Heath's Washington—view of Lechorn— do of the leaning tower at Pisa—sets of the Prodigal Son, and other Scripture subjects—views of shipping—optique views—transparencies—portraits of distinguished men—fancy heads—battle scenes—landscapes—and a great variety of fancy subjects.

GREAT SALE
OF BUILDING LOTS.

On TUESDAY, September 8, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

50 LOTS of ground on the sites of the Estates late of Gardner Greene and others, fronting on Tremont and Somerset Streets and Phillips' Square. Lithographic plans are in preparation; meantime copies may be seen at several of the Insurance Offices in State street—Mechanics Reading Room, and at the office of I. H. Thorndike, over City Bank.

au10 WHITWELL, BOND & CO.

ELIGIBLE HOUSE LOTS, IN DORCHESTER.

On Thursday, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

A number of eligible house lots will be offered for sale, on the premises. The said lots are situated on the Pavilion Plain, so called, in Dorchester, near the Five Corners, one mile south of the Rev. Dr. Harris's meeting house, and about 2½ miles from State street.

These Lots are delightfully situated, some of them commanding a fine view of the city and surrounding country, and others presenting views of the latter not surpassed by any others of similar elevation in the vicinity.

On lot 19 there is a Dwelling House and Stable.

A plan of the land is deposited in the office of Zebedee Cook Jr., Esq 4 Court street, where persons are invited to call and examine the same. Information regarding the property and conditions of sale may be there obtained, and of the proprietor No's 37 & 39, Faneuil Hall Market.

EBEN'R SUMNER, Jr.
EBENEZER EATON, Auct.

AUCTION SALES.

BY J. M. ALLEN,
Corner of Milk and Congress street.

FURNITURE.

This Day, at 9 o'clock,

At No 115 Purchase st,

A lot of furniture—consisting of carpets—bedsteads—chairs—2 mahogany dining tables—sofa—fire sets—portable desk—wardrobe—bureau—washstands—sideboard—roasting jack, with apparatus, etc.

DRY GOODS, &c.

Tomorrow, at 10 o'clock, at office,

A valuable assortment of dry goods.

Also—an invoice of prime seasonable vests.

Also—an invoice of fancy goods, and a variety of miscellaneous articles.

—At 12 o'clock—

1 boot top travelling trunks.

VALUABLE GOLD & LEVER WATCHES.

On Saturday, at 11 o'clock, at office,

A very heavy cased gold dial patent lever watch—made by Penlington, and warranted first rate.

1 excellent double barrel cocking gun—2 do single do plover do.

Particulars tomorrow.

SALES OF DRY GOODS—CLOTHING & SUNDRIES.

—By Catalogue—

On Wednesday, at 9 & 3 o'clock, at office,

A variety of dry goods—consisting of 10-4 linen damask—Taylor's spool cotton—fine and extra fine Irish linens—India rubber braces—merino sewing silk and silk muslin fancy habits—French printed muslins—London printed cambrics—Valentia and cotton shawls—large and medium superfine silk flag hdkts—bleached and unbleached linen table cloths—breakfast do—linen thread—sewing cotton—blk bombazines—silk and linen brands—gingham umbrellas—Russia crash—calicoes—book and corded cambric muslins—corded and plain cambric cravats—Tuscan bonnets—ballested velvets—silks—gilt coat buttons—pearl shirt gingham, &c.

CLOTHING & SUNDRIES.

About 300 vests—elegantly made—of a variety of fashionable stuffs—silver pencil cases—silver bowed spectacles—ivory bows—painted snuff bxs—bronze and wood pocket lights—hair and cloth brushes—razor straps—table mats—quills—Canton baskets—fans—fancy bxs—cologne water—scissors—lucifer matches—combs, &c.

The above articles will be sold without reserve, to realize advances made upon them.

Catalogues may be had on the morning of sale.

FRESH PAPER HANGINGS.

On Thursday, at 11 o'clock, at office.

1000 rolls fresh manufactured paper hanging—handsome modern patterns—will be sold in lots to suit purchasers—builders, masons and others would do well to attend.

BY JABEZ HATCH, JR.
Office No 69 Congress street

GENTEEL FURNITURE.

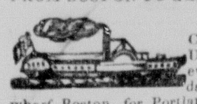
This Day, at 9 o'clock,

At house No 9 Lincoln street,

All the furniture of said house—consisting of 6 Kidderminster carpets—stair do—12 mahogany chairs—elegant mahogany card tables—Grecian dining do—Grecian couch—super mahogany rocking chair—nurse do do—gilt frame looking glasses—super mahogany bureau—mahogany toilette tables, with dressing glasses—rosewood and maple windlass bedstead—curled hair mattrasses—feather beds—mahogany and painted washstands—mahogany night cabinet—portable sink—toilette tables—rosewood chairs—common do—4 brass fire sets—astral and mantel lamps—a superior 14 day French clock—an elegant dinner set—French china tea and coffee pots—cut glass decanters—

STEAMBOAT LINE

FROM BOSTON TO GARDINER—Arrangement for August.



The new Steamer PORTLAND, Capt Jabez Howes, master, will leave Union wharf, Portland, for Boston, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock, PM., and Foster's wharf, Boston, for Portland, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, PM.

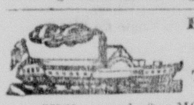
The Steamer McDONOUGH, Nath'l Kimball, master, will leave Union wharf, Portland, for Bath and Gardiner, every Wednesday and Sunday, at 8 o'clock, AM —and will leave Gardiner for Bath and Portland, every Monday and Friday at 9 o'clock, AM.

FARE—From Boston to Gardiner $5.00
" " Portland 3.00 } and Found.
" Portland to Bath 1.50 }
" " Gardiner 2.00 }

Agents—J. B. SMITH, Boston—CHARLES MOODY, Portland—T. G. JEWETT, Gardiner.

Stages will be in readiness to take the passengers from Gardiner to Hallowell and Augusta on the arrival of the boat—and will leave Augusta and Hallowell, for Gardiner, on the morning of the McDonough sailing. tf—au13

BOSTON AND HINGHAM.



SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
Three Trips a day.
The Steamboat GEN'L LINCOLN, Capt George Beal,

Will, on and after MONDAY the 8th of June, leave

Hingham,		*Foster's wharf, Boston.*	
6½	o'clock, A. M.	8½ o'clock,	A. M.
10½	" A. M.	12½ "	P. M.
	" P. M.	6 "	P. M.

Fare 37½ Cents.

Carriages will be in readiness, on the arrival of the boat at Hingham, to convey passengers to any part of that and most of the neighboring towns.

☞ Passengers by applying at the Captain's office can be conveyed to any part of the city for 12½ cts.

For further particulars apply to the captain on board, to Albert Fearing & Co. No 1 City wharf, or the subscriber.

Hingham, June 6, 1835. DAVID WHITON, Agent.

BOSTON AND HARTFORD PACKETS.

The Regular Line of Packets between the above cities, will consist of the following vessels:

Schooner ANN,	- - -	Captain Flower,
" CHINA,	- - -	" Churchill,
" LYDIA,	- -	" Mills,
" MARY,	-	" Hall,
" ECHO,	- -	" Goodspeed.

These vessels are of the first class, and built expressly for the trade. The captains have been long engaged in the business, and are experienced pilots. Every exertion will be made to ensure despatch and render this Line worthy of patronage. It is intended, after the 10th March, one vessel shall sail every Saturday, from the head of Central wharf, south side, and one from Hartford every Wednesday. For terms of freight apply to JOSHUA SEARS, No 14 Long wharf, HARTSHORN & ELLIS, No 7 Central wharf, or the Captain, on board, head of said wharf, south side, and in Hartford to THOMAS K. BRUCE & CO. f27

MASSACHUSETTS BOTANIC INFIRMARY

—Or, Thomsonian Hospital—for the reception of the sick and lame, situated on the bank of the Boston and Worcester Railroad, No 554 Washington st, with a view of the Railroad and surrounding country on the West, and Boston Harbour, its shipping and Islands on the East. The Infirmary has been additionally fitted up in a style not surpassed by any other in the State, for convenience and comfort. The Rooms spacious and airy; the Prospect on the East and West very pleasant. The whole establishment will be under the personal care of Dr J. A. Brown, formerly of the Tremont Infirmary and for some years past Botanic Physician in the city, during which time he attended or prescribed for several thousand persons, to whom Patients can be refered for further information.

P. D. BADGER, a Proprietor, who has had considerable acquaintance with the system, will superintend the male department, together with other faithful and experienced assistants. The female department will be under the immediate superintendence of Mrs. Brown, as formerly, as isted by Mrs. Badger; who has for a considerable time been in the Massachusetts General Hospital, and pronounced by Dr. Warren the best nurse he ever had. But from seeing the good effects of the Vegetable medicinn in restoring a child given up to die, has for several years past had considerable experience in the Thomsonian system of practice.

The subscribers pledge themselves that nothing shall be wanting on their part to make all who may favor them with a call, both comfortable and perfectly satisfied.

The price will be the same as heretofore, to be paid in advance, with fifty per cent discount, to such as are *really* objects of charity.

All charges for attendance will be refunded where the medicine does not appear as recommended.

For sale as above—Syrups for coughs and colds—Anti Dispeptic Bitters, together with a general assortment of Vegetable Medicines, wholesale and retail, at fair prices.

J. A. BROWN,
m13 P. D. BADGER.

ESSEX DYE HOUSE.

—*JOHN G. BITTNER, Silk, Cotton, Linen and Woollen Dyer*, would inform his friends and the public generally of Boston, Lynn and Salem, that he has taken a stand in *Centre street, Lynn*, and is prepared to Dye and Finish in the best manner, the following articles, viz—broadcloths—cassimeres—satins—lustrings—crapes—silk and cotton velvets—worsted cords—camel's hair shawls—hosiery and gloves—plush—ribbons &c—also, lace veils—leghorn and straw bonnets—ostrich and other feathers. Ladies and gentlemen's woollen garments, such as dress coats—great coats and frock coats—surtouts—vests and pantaloons—ladies' habits—cloaks &c, dyed and pressed, so as to appear like new, without being ripped.

J. G. B. would give further notice, that he cleanses and finishes Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments of *every description*, without ripping, in a style heretofore unknown to the public; also, military garments, that are spoiled by sweat or gunpowder, can be restored to their original color, without injury to the cloth. Merino and Cashmere Shawls cleansed without injury to the borders—Carpets—woollen Table Cloths &c.

All articles left at the Dye House, or with JOHN REED, Salem—JOHN BOWLER, Lynn—WM TROUP, No 50 Hanover street, Boston, will receive prompt attention, and will be returned in fourteen days from the time they are left.

J. G. B. having had upwards of 17 years' experience in the above business, is confident that he can give undoubted satisfaction. Those that favor him with their custom may depend upon having their work done with despatch, in the best possible manner, and on the most reasonable terms. He asks a share of that patronage which he is determined to merit.

m13 epom

NATHANIEL P. SNELLING

respectfully gives notice to his friends and the public generally, that he is now prepared to execute any orders in the line of his profession at the shortest notice and in the most workmanlike manner, having made extensive alterations by the addition of the store adjoining, and other improvements, which will enable him to conduct a genteel Tailoring Establishment on the most extensive scale, and by strict attention to his calling, at least to merit a share of public patronge. Having made arrangements with Merchant Tailors in New York and Philadelphia to transmit immediately on arrival the London Fashions, which will enable gentlemen to furnish themselves in the first style, and sooner than can be procured in any other establishment in this city.

N. P. S. has just received from New York a splendid assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Fancy Vesting. Gentlemen are requested to call and examine for themselves, particularly some splendid Cloths and London Quiltings

N. P. S. continues the agency of Tailors' Chalk, an article well known by the *trade* as being well adapted to drawing lines on stuffs, and is easily erased.

Also, a large assortment of Tape Measures, some of them a first rate article, which is much wanted by the trade in general.

☞ Orders for any of the above will be promptly attended to if addressed to NATHANIEL P. SNELLING,
m6 Nos 10 & 12 Congress street, Boston.

PURE BEAR'S OIL

may be had by the groce, dozen or single bottle, of A. BOYDEN, Hancock-st.

As in all cases, so especially in this, Venders, if they wish to secure the patronage of the public, should be extremely cautious not to sell an article for the Hair which tends to counteract rather than assist nature.

The virtues of *Bear's Oil* have been too long tested to need any eulogium; and at this time no one can doubt of its being the very best article for strengthening and promoting the growth of the Hair. An honest prejudice against the use of Bear's Oil has long existed, arising from two causes—the improper method of purifying it, and the imposition upon the public of a spurious article. That this prejudice may be wholly removed, this article now offered is warranted the pure Oil, rendered more pleasant by the addition of a little perfume—and the possibility of its injuring the Hair is entirely precluded by the manner in which it has been purified. To prevent fraud, the genuine is enclosed in two wrappers, the inside one being signed *Arnold Boyden*. aug 15

CLOTHS, MERINOS, PRINTS, &c.

10 cases assorted colors Broadcloths;
10 do do do Cassimeres;
10 bales do do Merinos, 3-4;
3 do do do do 6-4;
50 cases Prints;
5 do flag Bandanna Hdkts;
2 do fancy Silk;
1 do Merino Shawls and Hdkts
2 do black Sarsanetts;
2 do Goatshair Gamblet, colors blk, blue and brown
3 do Imitation do do do do do

AMERICAN GOODS.

100 bales brown and bleached Sheetings;
200 do do do Shirtings;
Ticks, Plaids, Stripes, Checks, assorted colors Cotton Flannel.

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS.

50 cases men's calf and thick Boots;
30 do do do do Shoes;
50 do women's morocco, kid, lasting and leather Shoes;
5 do India Rubber Over Shoes;
75 do napt and wool Hats.

For sale by HOW & JONES, at No 69 Milk street, low for Cash. 1stf—sept 15

CASH Advanced on personal property or Mortgages on Real Estate. Apply to 3 Federal street. au14

DR. PHELPS' ARCANUM.

—This Syrup is celebrated for the Cure of Scrofula, Eruptions or Diseases of the skin, Syphilis or Venereal Complaints, Rheumatism, Ulcers in the Throat and other parts of the Body, Mercurial Affections, Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Blood, Deep seated pains in the Muscles, Bones, &c. and a regenerator of emaciated and broken Constitutions, caused by disease, intemperance, &c.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

Having been made acquainted with the medical qualities and witnessed the effects of "Dr Phelps' Arcanum," I feel much confidence in saying it is a preparation of medicine greatly superior to any thing of the kind, in curing those chronic diseases for which it is intended, and recommend it to invalids in preference to any other article whatever.

SAMUEL L. MITCHELL, M. D.

New York, March 25, 1830.

My knowledge of the properties and operation of the "Arcanum of Dr Phelps," justify me in saying that it is far superior to any depurative syrup with which I am acquainted. In the most obstinate and ambiguous deseases, it displays effects peculiarly surprising. In those affections that resist the skill of the physician, such as Rheumatism, Syphilis, Scrofula, Ulcerations, and Diseases of the Skin, &c., I would recommend it as worthy of great confidence. JOHN D. GODMAN, M. D.

Philadelphia, Nov. 27, 1829.

For the last few years I have suffered excessively by a *Bilious Mercurial Disease*, which has rendered me frequently unfit for duty, and confined me as often to my berth. My disease was the sequela of bad treatment, while in the more tropical latitudes, and laboring under *an acute inflamation of the liver, and other Billiary organs*. Prior and pubsequently to our arrival in this port, I have had recourse to a great variety of prescriptions, medicines and nostrums—*among which, were a number of bottles of Swaim's Panacea, Potter's Catholicon, the Rob of Laffecteur, &c.*, but without any benefit—Dr Phelps being at that time a student of medicine in the University of Pennsylvania, advised me to make use of a newly discovered medicine, the Arcanum, which he believed would succeed in relieving me, in consequence of the very signal effects himself and others had observed in its operation in various glandular diseases, that were otherwise considered incurable. I commenced its use accordingly, and it affords me pleasure to state, that for several months past, not a vestige of the original or secondary disease has been discoverable. I prize the medicine above all others with which I have ever been acquainted. It is both pleasant and I believe certain it its effects, as a remedy in a variety of chronic diseases, incident to tropical and other climates. J. ANDREWS, Purser of the Columbian Brig Pinchinca.

Philadelphia, Jan. 5, 1835.

SAVANNAH, 6th March, 1831.

GENT.—I cannot refrain from expressing my gratitude to you in offering me a bottle of Dr PHELPS' ARCANUM, as an experiment in my case of *Rheumatism*. I have been dreadfully afflicted for upwards of twelve months, and for the last four or five months have scarcely been able to walk. *I have used a dozen bottles of Swaim's Panacea, and found very little benefit from it.* After taking the bottle of *Arcanum*, I found such a change in my whole system, that I was induced to try another, and to my surprise, the pains in my legs all disappeared, and the *Ulcers* in one have completely healed up, and I can walk nearly as well as ever. I shall continue to take two bottles more, and firmly believe it will make a complete cure of my disease. I remain, gentlemen, yours very respectfully,

JNO. MORRALL.

Messrs Lay & Hendrickson, *Druggists, Savannah, (Geo.)*

Extract of a letter from Dr Jones, a highly respectable physician, dated Baton Rogue, Louisiana, Dec. 28, 1833.—The Arcanum had two powerful competitors, Swaim's Panacea, and Potter's Catholicon, which have been for years in circulation in this place. *As far as I have had an opportunity of ascertaining its virtues, I believe the Arcanum to be superior to any article of the kind, yet offered to the public.* I prescribed it in a case of *Irritable Ulcer* of three years standing, situated on the *Malleolus Extrenus*—the individual thus afflicted was much emaciated and debilitated,—after one week's attendance, I put him upon the Arcanum, following the directions—three bottles nearly effected a cure of the ulcer and bodily health.

I prescribed it in several *Mercurial and Syphilitic Affections*, where it proved salutary. I am at this time trying the Arcanum on an individual, who has been laboring under Ulcerous affections of one of his legs, for fifteen years,—he has taken 1 bottle only, and it has produced that effect, he is sanguine in the belief, it will effect a permanent cure.

H. A. JONES.

For sale at Wholesale and Retail by WILLIAM WARD, 26 and 27 India street, together with a general assortment of Drugs Paints, and Dye Stuffs on very favorable terms. Also keeps constantly for sale, the following superior and highly popular articles: Dr. Chapman's Cough Mixture, Chemical Pile Ointment, and Fisher's Celebrated Corn Plaster. All of which are warranted Genuine and superior to any Medicines of the kind ever offered to the Public. Also for sale by Druggists generally. 4tawly1¼is a13

FROM ONE THOUSAND TO TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS during the eighteen months' practice of the subscriber on the Thomsonian principle, at his Infirmary for healing the sick, in Harvard street in Boston, under the patronage of Doct SAMUEL THOMSON, the Father of said system—out of the twenty years' acquaintance he has had with the same, he has had several hundred cases of disease under his care, of that character with which mankind are generally afflicted—the patients being of all ages, from the infant to the aged man—a great portion of whom have been cured, and generally all benefited—not one having died under his care at the Infirmary,—and whereas the foregoing facts ought of themselves alone, in all free, enquiring minds, completely to establish the superior efficacy of the botanical remedies of Doctor Jesse Thompson of Mt Vernon Infirmary, over those of any other known medical system, whether the same be of ancient or modern date, even apart from a body of evidence that can be adduced from living witnesses, certificates and other documents, showing the progress and extent of this system, which is fast spreading over the United States; which facts have constrained many of the leading members of the Faculty, among whom are the venerable and scientific Doctors Waterhouse and Ingalls, to throw off the trammels of prejudice, and bear honorable testimony in favor of this practice—

NOW, THEREFORE, the subscriber hereby proposes and offers to the government of the Massachusetts General Hospital, or to any other medical institution established in Massachusetts, under the superintendence of the most popular and skilful physicians, to take one half of any number of patients that may apply for admission in said hospital, and remove the same to his infirmary; and he will pledge himself under a forfeiture of from ONE TO TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, to effect more cures in less than half the time that the faculty may consume on the other portion left in the hospital.

Should this offer be accepted, the undersigned will give satisfactory security to pay the aforesaid sum or sums of money in case he incurs the forfeiture, and shall expect the faculty to do the same. ANDREW WATKINS, Botanic Physician.

☞ Pure unadulterated vegetable medicine, prepared by Dr Samuel Thomson himself, Family Rights, Robinson's Lectures &c, for sale.

Harvard street is opposite 499 Washington st.

[* It will be observed that the orthography in the names of the individuals is different, there being a *p* in this name, which is omitted in that of Dr Samuel Thomson, the original inventor, sole and exclusive Patentee, and Father of the System.—This is not named to prejudice the public against any man—but only in justice to the Father of the Thomsonian system of medical practice. Benjamin and Jesse Thompson are merely agents of Dr Samuel Thomson—the same as myself.]

jy29 3aw

BURNS AND SCALDS.

A POSITIVE CURE.

ANTI-PHLOGISTIC PASTE, for Burns and Scalds, Erysipelas and Phlegmonous Inflammation, St Anthony's Fire, Erythema, Shingles, Stings and bites of Insects, Inflamed Blisters, Vegetable Poisons, Chapped Hands, &c.—Fever Sores, (Necrosis) Biles, Inflamed Breasts, Whitlow, Abscesses, Carbuncles, Gangrene, &c.; Sore Legs, Ulcers of every description, Schirrous Tumors and Glands, Bruises and Sprains—Fractures, Contused and Lacerated Wounds—every grade of Gunshot Wounds. It is sure to give immediate relief, and a healthy action to the living parts, and we can hardly conceive of a fracture or wound so bad as to cause death, or need amputation, if the Paste be timely and properly applied. All inflammations of a specific character, as Scrofulous Tumors, Glands, Ulcers, and Abscseses—White Swellings, and Inflamed Joints, from any cause.

Scrofulous Humors, and every other species of Eruptions, as Salt Rheum, Herpes, Scalded head, Ringworm, Pimpled Face and Blotches. It is a specific for the Piles, giving immediate relief. Local Syphilitic inflammation it is sure to remove, and prevent suppuration in the worst cases.

In all the above diseases the Paste has but one action, which is the removal of heat, pain, swelling, and more or less of fever—when this is done, nature soon finishes the cure, or the diseased parts become well simultaneously. It needs no certificates—use it, and you will know more of it than can be told you.

Sold wholesale and retail by TROTT & CO. 128 State street, Boston, and by Druggists in the city generally. Also, by B. F. Brown, Salem, Mass.—J. A. Wadsworth, Providence, R. I.—John H. Wheeler, Dover, N. H.—A. & T. Hall, Keene, N. H.—Asa B. Foster Weston, Vt. and J. Hubbard, Lowell, Mass.

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CHOICE NEW GOODS.

—Just manufactured and for sale by JOHN MARSH, 77 Washington street, Joy's Buildings, a further supply of rich Dressing Cases—Port Folios—Roll-up Writing Cases—Gammon Boards—a few real Goat Skin Memorandum Books and Wallets—superior to any foreign manufacture.

Also, just received—a few more splendid Rosewood Writing Desks, for ladies and gentlemen.

☞ Strangers visiting the city are particularly invited to call and view the assortment. au5

CHING'S WORM LOZENGES

—A sure and safe redemy for worms in children. This article is undoubtedly the most popular thing of the kind (and very deservedly so) ever offered to the public. For sale at GEYER'S apothecary store, corner of Hanover and Salem st. jy2

READY MADE CLOTHING.

—A very large assortment of ready made clothing at No 10 & 12 Congress st, adapted to the present season.

Purchasers are particularly invited to call.

N. P. SNELLING
j15

POLISHED STEEL FIRE IRONS.

—Just received a variety of patterns, some very elegant, at BLANEY'S Grate Manufactory, No 3 Congress square, up stairs.

jy2 2m

DIRECTORY FOR 1835,

for sale by JAMES B DOW, 382 Washington street. jy14

THE ONLY TRUE AND GENUINE.

—*Dr WILLIAM JUDKINS'S SPECIFIC OINTMENT.*

FOR THE CURE OF

White Swellings, Sore Legs and Ulcers, Glandular Tumors, Felons, Rheumatic Pains, Sprains and Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Inflammation in Women's Breasts, Glandular Swellings, old and fresh Wounds, Chilblains, Tetters, Piles, Ringworms, Eruptions of long standing and Sore Eyes.

Prepared only by *JAMES S. GLASCOE*, Cincinnati, who is duly authorised by Dr Judkins, as will appear on the bill of directions.

From the Hon J. Taliaferro, member of Congress and member of the late convention.

Richmond, 9th Nov 1829.

SIR—It has been my wish for a considerable time, to communicate the good effect with which I have used your 'Patent Specific Ointment.' I have applied this ointment during the last four years, to every species of tumor and wound without failure to produce a cure in every intance. I consider it the most decided and efficacious remedy in all cases of tumor, be the cause what it may, and I have found nothing so good for wounds of any description. It may be proper to add that the cure of a tumor called White Swelling, given over by the most distinguished physicians as incurable, and which they decided would, without amputation, prove fatal to the patient, was, under my immediate notice, effected by the use of your ointment, and the patient is in fine health, his limb affected by the tumor being restored to a perfect state of soundness. Also, that the leg of a man upwards of 80 years old, which had been wounded, and exhibited one dreadfully ulcerated surface from knee to foot, and which for more than two years had been considered incurable, was effectually cured by the application of this ointment. I mention these two cases which fell under my immediate notice and management, as a decided evidence of the efficacy of this remedy in cases of tumor and of ulcers. I have experienced as decidedly the good effect of this remedy in the cure of felons and every species of fresh wound.

In addition to the above cases it may be proper to state what I know of its sure effects as a remedy in all cases of scrofulous tumor. A most violent and hopeless case of this description occurred in a servant of my own. It had baffled the most skilful medical treatment, but was subdued by Judkins's ointment.'

Dr Wm Judkins JOHN TALIAFERRO

From the Hon J. Coke, member of the House of Representatives in Congress.

Washington city, March 26 1826.

SIR—My son having been afflicted for five years with white swelling, and having applied every remedy recommended by the most eminent physicians within my reach, without success, I at length procured one jug of Dr Judkins's patent specific ointment, and made the application according to the directions accompanying the ointment; and state for the benefit of the afflicted, that before one jug was used, a perfect cure was effected. My son has enjoyed good health ever since. I have no doubt, that to the ointment alone he is indebted—as nothing else was used for more than nine months before the application of the ointment. Respectfully,

Dr Wm Judkins. JOHN COKE.

☞ Many other certificates may be examined on the bill of directions.

For sale by LOWE & REED, 24 Merchants' Row. Price 50 cents.

*** The outside wrapper to each pot is signed JAMES S. GLASCOE. 3awly—F3

DYSPEPSIA CURABLE BY GALVANIC ELECTRICITY.

—DYSPEPSIA—accompanied by constipation, vertigo, painful sensations in the head and eyes, flatulence, or wind, unnatural distension of the abdomen or stomach, attended with hardness, *some of the affections* of the liver and spine—and in *some cases* difficulty in breathing, falling of the womb, diseases of the vagina and hœmmorhoids or piles—has been removed, together with these consequent or concomitant affections, *solely* by the aid of appropriate apparatus, recently constructed by the undersigned for the excitation of Galvanic Electricity in the system.

Instruments suitable for this purpose are so small and compact that they may be carried in the pocket; and so mild in their operation, and so simple in their construction, that children can use them as well as adults: and in many cases of disease they may be used simultaneously with other remedies.

The ratio of cure and alleviation of that form of Dyspepsia which is attended with constipation &c, has been from this remedy alone, (medicine by way of the mouth and stomach entirely discontinued,) three to four in every five cases, as far as known to the inventor of the Galvanic Apparatus.

Instruments, with directions for their proper application, *and other information* relative to the beneficial effects derivable from this first of curative means may be obtained of

JOSEPH M. SMITH, 138 Washington st.

Agent for DANIEL HARRINGTON, Patentee,

S. E. corner of Arch and 6th st. Philadelphia.

The following certificates of cure and relief, are a few of the whole number that have been given, and that might be obtained from sources of the first respectability.

The Galvanic Apparatus, invented by Daniel Harrington, of this city, for the cure of disease, is familiarly known to us. By its aid, under Providence, we have been enabled to exchange annoying disease for comfortable health. Dyspepsia, accompanied by constipation, that in our cases had resisted other remedies for years, soon yielded to this novel mode of cure, and in the course of a few weeks, our expectations were more than realized. Judging from our own experience, we are of opinion that this useful apparatus will be found innocent, where it may not prove more or less efficacious, and that it may be safely intrusted to any hands. With us its application has not been attended with any painful inconvenience at all nor did we find it necessary to observe, for the time being, any rigid restrictions touching diet. That there are many thousands of suffering invalids in this country, who could as readily exchange disease for health, by the new mode of cure as we

JOHN S. RIDDLE,
ELIAKIM LITTELL,
Philadelphia. —— JOHN JEMISON.

Being myself afflicted with the inconvenience and disease incident to a confined state of the bowels, I was induced to use Mr Harrington's Gaivanic Apparatus, from which I have found the most effectual relief. I therefore cheerfully recommend it to all persons laboring under similar affections.

Philadelphia. WM. T. BRANTLY.

We have been using the Gaivanic Instruments, invented by Mr Daniel Harrington of this city, for a disordered condition of the digestive organs of long standing, accompanied by obstinate constipation, a confuse state of the head, and by general debility; and we have experienced that degree of relief that has enabled us to relinquish medicine by way of the mouth, finding the new remedy preferable—and we believe that by its aid we are gradually gaining health and strength, which was not the case previous to our using it. The application has involved neither pain or risk with us.

SAMUEL A. MITCHELL,
Philadelphia. JOSEPH WALRAVEN.
Feb 2 3awly

INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE AND BILIOUS COMPLAINTS.

ANDERSON'S VEGETABLE ELIXIR, *for Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Jaundice and Bilious Complaints weakness of the Stomach and Bowels, and consequent loss of appetite; nervous complaints, headach, sour stomach, flatulence and habitual costiveness.*

This medicine is composed entirely of vegetable substances, is perfectly safe in its operation, and may be given to children or persons of the most delicate habit, without the least risk of inconvenience.

The uniform success which has attended the use of it where it has been extensively used, in Boston and various other parts of the United States, and in the West Indies, attested by disinterested and highly respectable persons, affords, next to a trial of the medicine itself, the best commentary upon its virtues, and the best recommendation which can be offered to those who are unacquainted with it.

Extract of a letter received from a gentleman in Boston, who had suffered severely from indigestion for three years. 'During this time, I suffered very much from mental depression, constant pain in the head and breast, and side, sharp shooting pains over almost the whole system—the food that I ate *seemed* to pass into my lungs and there remain, giving me great pain attended with a strong degree of heat. At times, I suffered so much from the pain of indigestion as to be confined to the bed for two or three days. During one of these most severe attacks, I was induced by the advice of a friend to try your Vegetable Medicine. In the course of a few weeks I found myself much better, and by the time I had taken two bottles, considered myself wholly free from the complaint. I continue, on the least feeling of any thing like indigestion or pressure on the stomach, to take about a table spoonful of it, which, in the course of a few hours, completely restores me. It has had with me a very wonderful effect, in strengthening the stomach and invigorating the whole system, and judging by my own case, I consider it in all diseases connected with the digestive organs, to be a very valuable medicine.

It has been found singularly efficacious in cases of the most obstinate headache.

It is put up in large bottles containing a pound and a half: and sold at *seventy-five cents* each, by Jonathan P. Hall, Jr., No. 1, Union street, John P. Whitwell, Milk street, John I. Brown, near Boylston Market, Erasmus S. Holden, near the Western Avenue, Richard A. Newell, Summer street, Boston; Samuel Kidder & Co. Charlestown, H. G. Lemon, Roxbury.

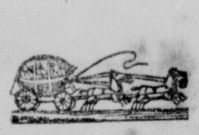
f8 eoptyf

POSITIVE, OR NO PAY.

—*Mrs. Hill's Cough Drops, or Vegetable Health Restorative.*—Prepared entirely from Vegetables.

More than forty years have now elapsed since the receipt was given me by my uncle, a celebrated Physician, at a time that I was troubled with a very bad cough and cold. After taking one dose, I found immediate relief, and a few doses cured me entirely; the effects were astonishing quick, and the numerous instances of the wonderful efficacy of these drops on different people, has induced me to put them up in Phials, with directions, under the impression it would be a public benefit. And as that is my sole aim—and to convince the public that is all, and as a sure guarantee against quackery and deception, I authorise my agents to return the money to all those that do not get relief by their returning the bottle and directions. The relief and absolute cure, particularly of those numerous and complicated disorders arising from neglected colds, is amply attested by the acknowledged approbation of those who are now restored to perfect health, as well as many in the decline of life who frankly acknowledge having received great relief from the use of them in the following diseases, viz—Coughs, colds, asthma, spitting of blood, hooping cough, difficulty of breathing, influenza, quinsea, phthisic, croup, and all disorders arising from colds. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

For sale wholesale and retail by J. P. Hall Jr. sole agent, No 1 Union street, corner of Elm street—Ashael Boyden, Hancock street—Charles Holl rook Leverett street—E. S. Holden, corner of Beacon and Charles street—A. Geyer, Hanover street—John White jr. School street. Also retailed by most of the apothecaries and country stores throughout the country. J26



BOSTON, BOLTON, LANCASTER, LEOMINSTER & FITCHBURG

Accommodation Stage,

Will in future leave Wild's General Stage Office, No 11 Elm st, Boston, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9 o'clock, AM. Conveyance will be furnished at Bolton for all passengers who take this line for Harvard.

Fare from Boston to Harvard, $1.50
From Boston to Fitchburg, 1.50

jy23 C. FIELD, Agent.

BOSTON AND ALBANY MAIL STAGES.

Fare reduced to Six Dollars.

A Stage will leave Wilds's General Stage Office, No 11 Elm st, Boston, for Albany, every day, through Fitchburg and Brattleboro'—and Tuesday Thursday and Saturday via Barre and Greenfield—through in two days. The fare can be paid through at Boston.

jy23 CHARLES FIELD, Agent.

SARATOGA SPRINGS.

A Stage will leave Wilds's General Stage Office, No 11 Elm st, Boston, every day for the Springs, via Fitchburg and Keene. This line passes through the pleasant village of Winchendon, within two miles of Winchendon Springs—and persons wishing to enjoy the comforts of a good Hotel, will not be disappointed at Mr Morse's in the village.

jy23 C. FIELD, Agent.

BOSTON, KEENE & BURLINGTON MAIL STAGES—*via Fitchburg,*

Leave Wilds's General Stage Office, No 11 Elm st, Boston, every day—Fare to Burlington, $7.50.

jy23 CHARLES FIELD, Agent.

BOSTON AND BRATTLEBORO' MAIL STAGES—*via Fitchburg,*

Leave Wilds's General Stage Office, No 11 Elm st, Boston, every day—Fare, $3.75. C. FIELD, Agent.

BOSTON AND ROYALSTON STAGE,

Via Fitchburgh and Winchendon,

Leaves Wilds's General Stage Office every day.

jy23 C. FIELD, Agent.

BOSTON, KEENE, BRATTLEBORO' BELLOWS FALLS, CHARLESTON & WINDSOR ACCOMMODATION STAGE—*via Fitchburg.*

Through in Two Days.

Leaves Wilds's General Stage Office, No 11 Elm st, Boston, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 o'clock, AM, arrives at Fitchburg at 5 o'clock. PM —leaves Fitchburg every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7, AM. for Brattleboro', Keene, Bellows Falls, Charleston and Windsor.

jy23 C. FIELD, Agent.

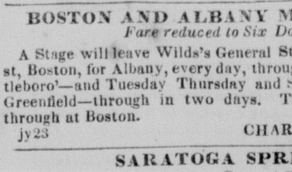
BOSTON AND GREENFIELD MAIL STAGE,

Via Barre—Fare reduced to $3.25 to Greenfield.

Leaves Wilds's General Stage Office, No 11 Elm st, Boston, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

jy23, 1835. C. FIELD, Agent.

IMPROVEMENT ON DENTAL SURGERY.



Dr B. T. PRESCOTT continues to perform all the necessary operations on the Teeth, both for their beauty and preservation.

Dr P. having obtained the latest and highly approved method of inserting the mineral or *incorruptible* Teeth on gold plate, so recently introduced in Paris, feels assured that he cannot fail to give a general and acknowledged satisfaction to all who may favor him with their calls.

The subscriber has obtained the assistance of a gentleman who will devote himself exclusively to filling carious teeth with gold in the neatest manner, and prevent their further decay.

N.B.—A selection of assorted Tooth Brushes kept constantly for the accommodation of his patients. Also, the Florentine Dentifrice, a beautiful article for whitening the teeth, and yielding fragrance to the breath.

Persons requiring operations on the teeth will please call and see specimens at office, corner of Hanover and Portland street. 3m jy8

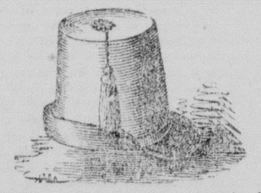
A. GILBERT, *HAIR DRESSER, from Paris, No 250 Washington street*, returns his thanks to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Boston and its vicinity for their kind patronage, and respectfully informs them that he has just received per latest arrivals from Havre, in addition to his former stock, an extensive assortment of Wire Curls, Moehair, Bands of Long Hair, Braids of different fashionable patterns, Ringlets, Frizetts, Curls, Puffs &c &c.

Also, the best materials for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs and Top-pieces, which will be found ready made, or made to order in the best manner, and warranted good to fit and first quality.

A fresh assortment of Perfumery, to which is added A. Gilbert's Powder for Coloring the Hair. A few boxes of French Flowers. Old bunches dressed over.

☞ *COUNTRY DEALERS* are invited to call and examine the above mentioned articles, which will be sold at the lowest prices. a13

LATEST PARIS FASHIONS.



H. BAILEY respectfully invites his friends and customers to call at his store, No 15 Court st, and examine his LATEST PARIS FASHIONS of CAPS, for gentlemen's and youth's wear. They are made of the same material of the improved Satin Beaver Hats, which will retain their shape, and wear much longer than any other Caps ever before offered for sale. is8—is&ostf a21

DR. CERLIEU'S CELEBRATED OINTMENT

—A sovereign remedy for the Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Leprosy and all other Cutaneous complaints. These dreaded diseases, which are met with so much reluctance by the physician and in which he is so universally unsuccessful, have at length found a certain remedy in Dr Cerlieu's Ointment. This article has stood the test of experience and justly gained unexampled celebrity. It has in three or four weeks cured cases of more than thirty years standing, which baffled the art of the most experienced physicians and resisted the power of every other remedy that could be devised. It immediately removes the scab of the skin, and restores its original color and smoothness.

Sold wholesale and retail by ANDREW GEYER, No 104 Hanover street. Price 56 cents per bottle. A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again. n27

NEW FALL GOODS.

—*J. MARINER*, No. 7 Congress square, has just received an addition to his former stock, an extensive assortment of fresh *BROADCLOTHS* and *CASSIMERES*, embracing a great veriety of fashionable colors—of English, French, German and American manufacture.

VESTINGS.

Velvet, plain and figured—black Satin and plain and figured Silk, of extra quality—Marseilles, Valencia, Toilenet, Thibet, &c.

CAMLETS.

Blue, green, brown and black Goat's Hair, and Worsted of the best quality.

Drab Kerseys, Lion Skins, Pilot Cloths, Petershams, &c. &c.

READY MADE WINTER GARMENTS.

Blue, brown, green, and black Goat's Hair and Imitation Camlets—Cloaks and Wrappers—a few Plaid Cloaks, of extra quality, suitable for travelling—Surtouts, Top Coats, &c. &c.

SUMMER CLOTHING.

J. M. has on hand a quantity of Summer Clothing, suitable for exportation, which will be sold at less than cost.

☞ Garments made to order, as usual, in superior style and of moderate prices.

Particular attention paid to Naval and Military Uniforms.

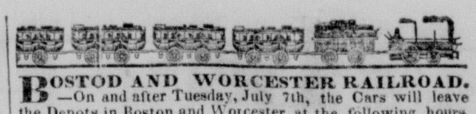
tf o 7

OYSTERS.

—I. & B BAKER, formerly HAMBLEN & BAKER, Commercial Oyster Room, No 98 Milk st, next door to the Commercial Coffee House, respectfully inform their customers and the public, that they have a large supply of salt and fresh Oysters, which they will sell as low as can be bought in Boston. eptf—m25

GENUINE ARROW ROOT

—Pure and unadulterated—Grown and manufactured in the parish of St George, Island of Jamaica—selected and put up in tin canisters particularly for the American market, by a gentleman residing at Buff Bay, Jamaica—for sale by LOW & REED, 24 Merchants' Row. tf—m25



BOSTOD AND WORCESTER RAILROAD.

—On and after Tuesday, July 7th, the Cars will leave the Depots in Boston and Worcester at the following hours stopping at the Depots on the road:—

From Boston to Worcester, 6 A. M., 12 and 4 P. M.
" Worcester to Boston, 6 A. M., 12 and 4 P. M.
Price of Tickets to Worcester, $1.50.

Passengers by this road will find conveyances at Worcester, for Springfield, Northampton, Hartford, Norwich, Keene &c &c.

Arrangements have been made with the subscriber to have Carriages ready on the arrival of the Cars in Boston, to take passengers to any part of the city, at the following fares:—

Omnibus or Stage Coach Passengers, 20 cts each.
Hacks, with 4 passengers and usual baggage, 25 cts each.
" " single passenger & extra baggage, 37½ "
" " two passengers " " 31 "

J. FRANCK, 542 Washington st,
july 9—tf nearly opposite Railroad Office.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAIL ROAD.

—For the week commencing Monday, 17th August, the Cars will Leave Boston, 9 AM. Leave Lowell, 7 AM.
5½ PM. 3½ PM.

No Baggage can be taken except what belongs to passengers. Allowance to each, 40 lbs.

Tickets may be had at the Depot, corner of Leverett and Brighton streets. Price $1 each.

aug 17 tf GEO. M. DEXTER, Agent.

BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE RAILROAD.

On and after Thursday, August 6th, instant, the following arrangements for the departure of the Cars, will go into effect, viz:—

Leave Boston every day, (Sundays excepted) at
7 o'clock, AM., 1½ o'clock and 4 o'clock, PM.
" Providence, on
Monday, at 7 o